

CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXIX. No. 40

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 29, 1935

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

Ready for School Opening

Ruled and Plain Scribblers, Pencils, Paints, Erasers, Rulers, Exercise Books, Loose Leaf Binders, Ink, Mucilage, Drawing Pads, Etc.

EXTRA SPECIAL—Regular 4 for 25c Exercise Books, ruled, per package 20c

REAL VALUES IN ALL LINES OF SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

BOVRIL CORN BEEF, and BRAID'S IDEAL JELLY POWDERS, sold so well on special that we offer them again good quality and extra value.

BOVRIL CORN BEEF, 2 cans 25c

IDEAL JELLY POWDERS, assorted 6 pkgs 25c

CHASE & SANBORN'S COFFEE, vacuum tin, lb 39c

MCLAREN'S PURE MUSTARD, 1-2 lb tins, each 45c

ASSORTED TOILET SOAPS, 6 cakes 25c

JUICY SWEET ORANGES, medium size, doz. 30c

3 dozens 85c

PEANUT BUTTER, 32 oz handy pantry shelf jar 50c

ARTIFICIAL, VANILLA EXTRACT, 4 oz vinegar jar 25c

FRESH COOKIES, per lb 25c

FANCY COHOE RED SALMON—tall tins, each 25c

A REAL SPECIAL in good quality BROOM, each 39c

FINEST QUALITY GEM JAR RINGS, 4 doz 25c

FLY COILS, sure catchers doz 20c

DOLLAR SODAS—wooden boxes 38c

HEAVY WAX PAPER—100 ft rolls, each 28c

handy for school lunches

PURE PLUM JAM—4 lb tins, each 45c

MCLAREN'S TASTY SPREAD—delicious for sandwiches introductory price 25c

Halliday & Laut

A few second hand Binders to Clear at low prices—from \$30.00 to \$60.00.

These binders are all in working order and will give years of service.

Wise People Use International Twine.

Wm. Laut

ATTENTION, TRACTOR OWNERS !

GET YOUR REQUIREMENTS OF

OILS and GREASES

from the "Old Reliable" Firm

British American Oil Co. Ltd.

OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT

Phone 4 and We Deliver.

Crossfield Garage

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Trade In Your Old Tires

On New ATLAS GUARANTEED TIRES and SAVE MONEY. This is the only line of tire that will permit Trading in your old tire. So act at once and get a REAL TIRE.

We also carry a complete line of Battery Cables, Fan Belts, Hose Connections, Etc.

O. K. Service Station and North End Garage

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CROSSFIELD TRANSFER and STORAGE

Daily Service Crossfield and Calgary.

INSURED LOADS

Heavy Hauling and Trailer Hauling.

M. PATMORE Phone 62 **Crossfield**

Calgary Phone—M 1826

School Fair Thursday

Thursday, September 5th is the date for the local School Fair. The various pupils take a great interest in this annual affair and rivalry is very keen, amongst the various schools and pupils.

It is urged that parents see to it that all exhibits are the work of the children, and that the children be imbued with the true spirit of competition and sportsmanship.

At noon two select teams from the Midget League will play an exhibition ball game.

Give the fair your full and hearty support and at the same time as you lend support to the children, you add encouragement to the sponsors and the committee in charge.

Secretary Harry May has all arrangements well in hand and ready for the big day.

School Opens Tuesday

The local school will re-open for the fall term on Tuesday morning Sept. 3rd, with the following staff:

W. K. Gish, M.A., Principal

Mrs. J. Emery

Miss A. Brown

Miss E. Seville.

Local News

Reported by Jas. Belschaw

The C.P.R. have a gang of men at work enlarging the loading platform.

Miss Peggy Cameron left on Saturday for Innisfail where she has accepted a position.

The Crossfield Chronicle has the largest stock of school supplies in town. Everything but text books.

Jas. Dickson has returned from his vacation and is once again back on the job.

Mrs. Chris. Asmussen left Wednesday to spend a holiday at the coast.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. McCool and Miss Stella Gordon left Sunday to spend a holiday at Gull Lake.

Rev. and Mrs. Currie spent the week-end at Banff. Rev. Currie taking the services at Lake Louise.

The Ladies Aid of the United Church will meet at the home of Mrs. Wm. Stralo on Wed., Sept. 4th at 3 p.m. Visitors welcome.

The many friends of Mrs. M. Ruddy of Calgary, will be glad to know that she has fully recovered from her recent illness.

Mrs. H. R. Fitzpatrick, the Misses Marion and Kathleen Fitzpatrick and Eva MacAulay motored to Calgary on Tuesday.

Mrs. Jim Sharp and children returned home Wednesday after spending a holiday camping on the Dog Pound.

Marion Longmire and Velma Pogue were in Calgary during the week writing supplementary examinations.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis, Mr. and Mrs. Hepworth and Helen were visitors to Turner Valley on Sunday the guests of Percy Willis.

Mrs. Gilchrist, Mrs. Pogue and Mrs. Belschaw were visitors at Cartairs on Wednesday attending the birthday party for Mrs. Smith who passed her 79th milestone.

Happy McMillan has purchased the Andy Franks shack and lots on Nanton St. We hear that Andy intends to take up residence in Calgary.

Melvin Patmore has purchased the two lots on the north side of the O K Garage. Mel is putting down two tanks for the sale of gasoline and kerosene wholesale.

Mr. and Mrs. J. McCool and daughter Noreen of Edmonton, arrived on Monday and are the guests of the former's mother Mrs. McCool, sr.

Corporal D. Cameron, Mrs. Cameron, the Misses Ann and Margaret Cameron, Mary Murdoch, and Stanley Pogue motored to Sylvan Lake Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Hall, and Mr. and Mrs. W. Miller and their respective families returned home Wednesday evening after spending a day at Sylvan Lake.

School Fair Day is Thursday next and a little fixing up needs to be done to the grounds and buildings.

A little help from anyone who can spare an hour or two on Wednesday will be appreciated.

Social Credit Sweeps Province

As we go to press the Social Credit Party have elected 54 members, and are leading in two other constituencies.

Last Thursday's figures reveal that Wm. Laut was the heaviest vote polled in a provincial election, some 298,332 electors. Compared with the 1930 election figures of 182,219. The latest figures show the standing as follows:

Social Credit 54

Liberals 4

Conservatives 2

In doubt 3

Plans are now formulated for the new Social Credit party to form the next Government and at the party caucus held on Wednesday, Wm. Laut was chosen as leader of the new party.

Alberta's new Social Credit government will be prepared to take over the reins of office from the retiring U.F.A. government without fail on Tuesday, September 3.

W. R. King Elected

In Cochrane Constituency

All Other Candidates Lose Deposits

With the largest majority ever secured in the Cochrane constituency, William R. King, Social Credit candidate was elected member in Thursday's contest. He polled 1880 votes, while the combined total of his three opponents was 1556, giving him a majority over all of 324. Mr. Laut had the highest vote at East Community and Poll 22 Crossfield. Mr. McCool led at Tany-Bryn and Orange Hall, all other polls gave Mr. King a majority.

Labor Day

Next Monday, September 2nd, being Labor Day and a Dominion holiday all places of business in Crossfield will be closed.

Holidays Over

The Wednesday half-holiday for the summer months terminated on August 21st. Crossfield business places will be open every day, except official holidays, until Nov.

Charlie Whittaker Loses Leg in Binder Accident

Charlie Whittaker, former Crossfield boy, had the misfortune to have his right leg severed just below the knee while running a binder at his farm near Beynon, Alberta, on Friday morning.

Mr. Whittaker was running a power binder and in some way his leg became caught in the take-off gear and instantly his limb was torn completely off. He was taken to the Drumheller hospital.

Mr. Whittaker is a brother of Mrs. George Jones of Crossfield.

Local News

George Nasdavik is a patient at Mental Institute, Ponoka.

Mrs. H. Ballam is in Calgary this week having her tonsils removed.

Mrs. J. R. Gilchrist and daughters were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Griffiths on Thursday.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Bloomfield of Water Valley, on August 29th, a son, at Mrs. Collins' Nursing Home.

Miss Edith Seville returned home today from Lethbridge where she has been visiting friends.

Ray Johnson of Lapwai, Idaho, has been looking after his business interest in the district during the past week. He is leaving for home on Saturday.

George Jones, Jim McCool and Murph Sackett motored to Drumheller on Saturday when informed of the injury to Charlie Whittaker. They report that he was doing as well as could be expected at that time.

Mrs. Laut celebrated her 80th birthday on Sunday. The people of the town and district join in extending congratulations to Mrs. Laut and best wishes for her continued good health and happiness.

The poll at Greenwood School came the nearest to registering a 100 per cent vote of any in the Cochrane Constituency on Thursday last, when 49 out of 50 men and 34 out of 37 women voted.

Balsal polled the largest number of votes in a single poll, 212. Wm. Church was the D.R.O.

Week-end Specials

Tomatoes, per basket	-	-	30c
Pineapple Cubes, 2 tins	-	-	25c
Tomato Catsup, per tin	-	-	10c
Sauer Kraut, per tin	-	-	20c
Chicken Haddie, 2 tins	-	-	29c
Pumpkin, in tin	-	-	14c
Rolled Wheat, 5 lb sack,	-	-	30c
Apples, 5 lbs for,	-	-	25c
Herrings, in tomato sauce, tin	-	-	15c

Crossfield U. F. A. Store

THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield Phone 54 Alberta

Granary Materials

WE STOCK THE BEST

Skills—Joists—Siding—Rafters—Ship-lap—Boards—Siding—Flooring—British Columbia Red Cedar Shingles—And Thick Tongued and Grooved Flooring.

For Grain-Tight Lumber that will stay "put" you will save time and money by making your purchases at our yard.

Atlas Lumber Co. Ltd.

Member Phone 15 W.R.L.A.

Reap Greater Profits by Feeding

MINERO

Dr. McClelland's Iodized Mineral Supplement

Contains all the Minerals necessary to keep your livestock in a healthy, productive condition.

\$4.50 per 100 pounds

WHY PAY MORE

McClelland's Veterinary Supply Co.

Phone 49 Crossfield

See the NEW 5B

Massey-Harris Oil Bath Binder

19 roller bearings makes light draft. New forecarriage.

Two horses each side of pole eliminates side draft.

Bargains in Used Machinery

DEERING BINDER 8 ft. in A1 SHAPE

28 Rumely Separator, in A1 shape, belted and ready to go \$375.00

Hart-Parr Engine in A1 shape \$300.00

J. M. WILLIAMS

Massey-Harris Agent Electric and Acetylene Welding

The Most Delicious Tea "SALADA" TEA

Make Your Own Job

Conditions throughout the world during the past five years have admittedly been most discouraging to all people, but especially so to youth. As boys and girls have come out of school and college, ready to take their place in the business world, even at the bottom of the ladder, they have discovered there was no place for them. They have been denied even the opportunity of making a start because the financial and economic world has been out of joint, with business marking time, and no development work being undertaken.

As a result, thousands have become discouraged, embittered because of denied and frustrated hopes and ambitions, have become drifters because they have lost hope for the future and accepted the easy but mistaken view that present conditions must be accepted as permanent conditions. Lacking any background of years in which work was plentiful, and having no experience in profitable employment, they can see no light ahead.

Such an attitude of mind is a terrible mistake. Future years will be just as bright, in fact brighter; just as busy, in fact busier; just as rich in opportunity and in enterprising development, in fact more so. The world will not stand still; neither will it move backward. Since the beginning of time and the dawn of civilization the movement, development, and setbacks of civilization have always moved forward. It will continue so.

Consider the most familiar names of people and products on the lips of practically everybody to-day—Henry Ford, Firestone, H. J. Heinz, Coca-Cola, Borden's Milk, Hires' Root Beer, Welch's Grape Juice, Maxwell House Coffee, Jell-O, and similar names. Do these names mean anything to the youth of to-day? They should.

It was in 1890 that Henry Ford began working on a double-cylinder engine in a little shop on his farm. When he went to work in Detroit at \$45 a month he took his shop along, and in 1893 his gasoline buggy was running and for a long time was the only automobile in Detroit. Forty years later he was rated a billionaire.

Firestone was a ballyhoo salesman who became convinced there was a great future in the rubber business. He bought strips of rubber, cut out crude solid tires and fitted them to buggy wheels. Thus was born the tire industry of to-day.

H. J. Heinz used to grow horse-radish in his garden and peddle it from door to door. This backyard venture put him on the road to becoming Heinz 57.

In 1886 a doctor in Atlanta stood working over a kettle in an old house. On the next corner was a drugstore, and periodically the doctor rushed over, squirted carbonated water into a glass containing a sample of syrup, and tasted the mixture. After about 300 attempts he had the first Coca-Cola.

While holidaying in New Jersey, Charles E. Hires was served a drink by a farmer's wife. Its ingredients were sassafras, lemons, and sweet fern, all gathered locally. Hires smacked his lips. Returning home he experimented with herbs, roots and barks. This was Hires' Root Beer.

John Wanamaker, the great merchant, was born in the United States. He delivered his first bill of goods from a wheelbarrow. Adam Gimbel, founder of the stores which bear his name, started with a pack on his back. Timothy Eaton started in a little corner lot store. The story of Woolworth's five-and-ten cent stores is too well known to call for repetition. The great Crane Company, manufacturers of piping, valves, hardware fixtures, etc., had its inception in a little brass foundry.

These great enterprises of to-day had very humble beginnings, many of them within the life of the present generation. Opportunities are just as great to-day. "What's going to alter our lives is probably happening this minute in a backyard workshop, where some crank is thinking by himself," Henry Ford declared recently. Another man states it this way: "Many of the million-dollar corporations of to-morrow are starting to-day with little capital but an idea. They are beginning in attics, cellars, kitchens, and in the minds of clerks behind store counters."

Recently the head of a huge business in the United States selling many different products told about four new products, all launched since January, 1930, and now selling widely. David was not afraid of Goliath, and observing youth with an idea or capable of assimilating one, with vision, enterprise and daring can just as successful win out against the Goliaths of big corporations.

To quote Henry Ford again, who recently said that unemployed people "should create their own businesses, no matter how small, instead of waiting for some one to give them a job." And as a writer in *Forbes' Magazine*, from which much of the above was taken, says: "Ten years from now we will be reading more success stories gathered from the kitchens and cellars of 1935." No one who has a work-bench or a stove and a dollar—and an idea—he says, need be discouraged.

Strange Service

700 Deaf Mutes Worship In St. Paul's Cathedral.

One of the strangest and most touching services ever held under the mighty dome of St. Paul's cathedral on a recent Sunday saw 700 deaf and dumb persons from 14 nations pray and sing without a sound being heard. They were all attending the fourth international games for the deaf and mute held in London. The service was conducted in the international sign language. Chaplains and missionaries mounted the lofty pulpit and voicelessly acted out the prayers, hymns and songs with eloquent looks and gestures.

Then the congregation joined in prayers and hymns.

A Large Birthday Gift

British Secretary Of Air Receives Two-Plane Hangar

Lord Londonderry, British Secretary of Air, has just celebrated his 57th birthday, and his wife's present to him was a hangar big enough to accommodate two airplanes. It stands on his estate at Mount Stewart, Newtownards, Northern Ireland, where there is already an airport with a landing field of 50 acres.

British laundries have an annual revenue of approximately \$10,000,000 from handkerchiefs alone.

Would Solve Problem

Shipment Of Eggs From England Made As Experiment

A few dozen English eggs are making their way to Sydney, Australia, after an air journey from London to Canada, and a railway journey of 500 miles from British Columbia to Sydney. The rest reached Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil, after travelling more than 6,000 miles from London by airplane and Graf Zeppelin. Now Lord Greenway, the promoter of the experiment, is anxiously awaiting special letters from Australia and Brazil reporting on their condition on arrival. If the eggs are successfully hatched out, one of the greatest problems of poultry farmers throughout the world will be solved. Under present conditions it is impossible for poultry farmers in distant parts to renew their stocks by introducing young chicks from England.

The deep-sea fish, Chimaodon Niger, famous for its voracity, sometimes manages to swallow a fish larger than itself.

More common colds are contracted during October than in any other month, according to records of the public health service.

Before you invest in a going concern, make sure you know which way it is going.

For So-Called Luxuries

Bureau Of Statistics Has Issued Some Interesting Figures

What are luxuries? The Dominion Bureau of Statistics started to compile figures on the luxuries produced and consumed in Canada in a year, and was confronted with the difficulty that one man's luxury is another man's ordinary, everyday comfort. This is true of food, furniture, clothes and so on. Even tobacco is claimed by some to be a necessity. So the bureau finally decided to list everything as a luxury which is actually above the line of necessities. It included, therefore, such things as carpets, silverware, jams and cooked meats, and so on, naturally, it did not present its conclusions as a hard-and-fast statement of luxury consumption in Canada, but rather "an attempt to throw some light on the production and consumption in Canada of goods which are more or less above the nature of luxuries." It found that the factory value of these in 1933 was \$263,605,185, or 2.6 per cent of the total value of production in Canadian manufacturing industries. The retail values would, of course, be much higher.

The bureau also obtained Canadian consumption figures by subtracting exports from the figures for imports and production. It found that in 1933 the so-called luxuries were consumed to a factory value of \$263,429,10.

Some of the individual items are rather interesting. Canada eats candy to the extent of nearly \$17,300,000 per year; ice cream to the extent of more than \$7,300,000; other confectionery, including chewing gum, over \$6,000,000. Pies, cakes and pastry account for more than \$10,500,000; beverages (not including tea, coffee, cocoa, etc.), nearly \$21,000,000; silk hose (which the bulletin says is not often considered a luxury nowadays), nearly \$8,400,000; toilet preparations, over \$5,000,000. These are all factory values.

The surprising item in the list is that for tobacco, as follows:

1931	1933
Cigars \$ 6,016,138	\$ 4,765,385
Cigarettes ... 36,132,977	34,912,141
Other 32,842,302	31,596,679

\$74,991,347 \$71,274,213

These again are factory values. For passenger automobiles, bicycles and boats the manufacturers less than half what they did for tobacco in both these years: \$28,354,984 in 1932, and \$24,518,870 in 1933.—Toronto Daily Star.

Favors Stiff Sentences

Severity For Prisoners Demanded By German Minister Of Justice

"Severity" for prisoners as a Nazi term was demanded by Franz Guertner, minister of justice, at the opening of the 11th quinquennial penal congress in Berlin.

"If criminal law is to represent atonement for wrong done the community," he told the 400 delegates from 50 nations, "and hence defend and protect the national community from evil-doers, the logical result is severity in the treatment of prisoners so the punishment may be appropriate to the evil."

Guertner also announced that the Nazi Reich has definitely rejected the ancient legal principle: "Nulla poena sine lege" (no punishment unless a law is infringed). Instead, he said, it has substituted the maxim: "Nulla crimen sine poena," under which punishment is meted out regardless of the incompleteness of a law.

American Boy Divers

Crude Combination Of Many Articles Enabled Boys To Submerge

The boys you wanted to see with the bottom of the St. Lawrence River in Richmond, Me., looked like this.

So the boys, Paul R. Dyer, Stanley Griffin and Robert Cate, constructed diving apparatus from a five-gallon gasoline can, two automobile tire pumps, a small corrugated can and some cement.

Successful in their first attempts, they plan to explore greater depths.

Anxious To Know

A very nice old lady had a few words to say to her granddaughter.

"My dear," said the old lady, "I wish you would do something for me. I wish you would promise me never to use two words. One is swell and the other is lousy. Would you promise me that?"

"Why sure, Granny," said the girl. "What are the words?"

Leprosy reached the United States from both Europe and Africa.

The oddest fruit known to man-kind is the olive.

Celebrating Anniversary

Violin Industry Started In German Town 250 Years Ago

Mittenwald, Germany, a village in the mountains of Bavaria, is now celebrating the 250th anniversary of its violin industry, begun in the 17th century by Mathias Klotz.

Throughout the summer the town folk presented a play, "The Song of the Stars," telling the story of Klotz and his wanderings over Italy, where he learned instrument making. The play will be staged again this winter at a nearby town as part of the entertainment for the winter Olympics.

The story of Mathias Klotz is romantic one. When he was a boy of 10 his peasant family sent him to Italy to study under famous violin makers there. Twenty years later he returned to Mittenwald, opening his own workshop. Apprentices flocked to him and soon he established the fame of the town for fine instruments, a reputation Mittenwald retains to-day.

After making a number of instruments, Klotz's craftsmen had to go out into the world themselves to sell them. Strapping their violins on their backs they wandered through nearby countries, giving demonstrations and making sales in castles and great monasteries.

Correspondence Courses

Extending Education To Those Out Of Reach Of Schools

Nine years ago the Ontario department of education started correspondence courses for persons of reach of school either for the whole school year or part of the summer months. The courses were intended also for those physically unable to attend school and for whom no provision was made for education.

During the last school year the enrollment was 1,800 of whom 50 were physically unable to attend school. The courses are free and the department pays all expenses. Average cost of educating a pupil for a year in this manner is from \$12 to \$15.

FASHION FANCIES



910

ATTRACTIVE HOME ENSEMBLE THAT HELPS TO MAKE KITCHEN CHORES SO EASY

By Ellen Worth

Every woman knows she can't wash and tub and always come up smelling.

And to-day's model is just lovely. The dress is suitable for the house gardener, porch, marketing, etc. And when you're finished, it's decidedly slimming to the heavier build.

The dress is blue and white dimity. The apron is white dimity which is also used for the dress trim.

The apron is a suspender apron attractive. It has suspender straps and it won't slip off the shoulders. Style No. 910 includes the dress and apron in sizes 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40.

Size 16 requires 3 1/2 yards of 39-inch material for dress with 1 1/4 yards of 45-inch material for apron and dress combination.

Pattern 15c each. Address mail orders to: Pattern Department, Wm. Snyder & Sons, 175 McDermott Ave., E. Whiting, Conn.

Pattern 15c each.

Marking The Ballot

Strange As It May Seems, Many Voters Muff The Job

Placing an X beside a candidate's name is a simple task but at the approaching Dominion general election it is likely 25,000 or more electors will muff the 25,000.

In the 1930 contest 24,119 lost their votes through improperly marked ballots and there are more parties and candidates this time to confuse the voter.

Parliament places the ballots in the hands of voters and supplies pencils to mark them. That is as much as it can do. Electors have only to make the crosses themselves. Yet in 1930 ballots were rejected in every constituency in Canada.

Markings in addition to the cross, use of a pen or colored pencil instead of the black pencil provided and signing of the ballot by the voter are the most frequent causes of spoiled ballots.

Through habit many men use their Xs as a mark of deputy returning officers throw out their ballots. On occasion, however, judges frequently have ruled such ballots valid. The Election Act says the cross must be made with a black pencil.

Many persons start to mark their X opposite the wrong name, score it out and then mark it opposite the candidate they wish to support. This spoils the ballot. They should ask the deputy returning officer for a new one.

Voters sometimes ask why all this fuss about markings when the voter's choice is plainly indicated? The answer is that precautions are necessary to discourage bribery. They are the culmination of years of experience with elections, the frailties of some politicians.

In the '90s and earlier when the population was small, party workers knew which voters were Conservative, which Liberal and those "on the fence." Of the undecided variety some would sell their votes and the temptation of workers in a close race was strong.

But unless the voter buyer could be sure those he bought went to his candidate there was no use buying them. Many ingenious devices were used to allow party scrutineers to identify ballots while they were being counted. The result has been the regulations to prevent distinguishing marks.

Electors workers claim there is very little direct bribery now. Ridings are so populous and party affiliations of voters so indefinite it would cost too much. In addition there is the almost certain risk of the election being voided.

Gift Was Acceptable

King Pleased With Jubilee Offering From Free State

The Jubilee present which Loyalists in the Irish Free State have given King George is declared to be not only nationally appropriate but most acceptable to His Majesty. It is a beautiful antique silver potato ringer. These rings, which measure up to 12 inches, were in former times put in the centre of the dining table and within them were placed the potatoes, cooked in their jackets, to keep them from rolling about. Reminiscent of the days when the potato was the staple diet even of the wealthy, a sixteenth century ring of good design has sold a auction for considerably over \$5,000. The King is as devoted to old silver as the Queen is to antique furniture.

Scrambled Eggs

Motor Accidents Scatter Truckload Of Eggs Over Highway

Marion Snyder, of Harlan, Ind., knows that 100,000 scrambled eggs look like.

Driving a truck over Pocono Mountain near Mt. Carmel, Pa., Snyder was forced to turn the machine sharply to avoid hitting a train. His cargo of 109,800 eggs was scattered over the highway for some distance. Practically all of the eggs were broken.

Are Carefully Trained

Pigeons are trained as carefully for racing as a horse and usually when a pigeon becomes lost it because it was in poor condition to start the race. The owners start training their birds at the age of two months. The pigeon reaches the peak of its racing between the ages of two and four years.

Rainbows are not semi-circles, but complete circles. If we were high enough in the air, we could see the entire circle.

It has been estimated that approximately 12 pounds of air is required to burn one pound of coal.

Only One Limit

Ten years ago the late Will Rogers was in a plane which had left Los Angeles for Kansas City. The ship hit an air pocket and dropped 200 feet. "H-h-how far," asked a frightened passenger, "can one of these planes drop?"

"Well," Rogers informed, "the ground's the limit, boys!"

Mammoth cave, Ky., has been equipped with 12 floodlights and 16 smaller projectors to illuminate its interior.



You can tell by his smile

Things are looking up... times have improved and he's again "rolling his own" with Ogden's Fine Cut. Why not "get back to Ogden's" yourself and again give yourself the pleasure Ogden's alone can give. Use the best papers, too... "Vogue" or "Chantecleer".

52 Poker Hands, any numbers, now accepted as a complete set.

OGDEN'S
FINE CUT
Your Pipe Knows Ogden's Cut Plus

Wiley Post

Some Of The Aerial Exploits Of This Famous Flyer

Here are the aerial exploits of Wiley Post, who with Will Rogers, film comedian, was killed in an airplane crash in Alaska.

With Harold Gatty, Post flew around the world in eight days, 15 hours, and 15 minutes.

The following year, Post announced he would concentrate on the practical side of aviation. He made two sensational high altitude trips over his home town of Bartlesville, Okla., wearing a "super-charged" suit of his own design.

Post made four unsuccessful attempts to make a transcontinental flight through the stratosphere. Each time he was forced down on the way from Burbank, Cal., to New York, the last failure June 1, this year.

He used but one ship in all of his achievements—the "Winnie Mae."

Odd Trick Of Nature

Seller Relates Story Of Three-Year Bath In 33 Fathoms

Nelson Lash was in the crew of the scalloper, Virginia, three years ago when she was rammed and sunk off Georges Banks. With his clothes in a forecastle locker, he was pocket handkerchief, his initial embroidered in a corner.

Now Lash has his handkerchief again, for he's in the crew of the Louis A. Thebaud, and in her scallop drag the crew found a handkerchief—with Lash's initials in the corner, in almost perfect condition after a three-year bath in 33 fathoms!

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"Well," Rogers informed, "the ground's the limit, boys!"

Work Of Reclaiming Drouth Stricken Areas Proving A Major Task

If the work being started this year to reclaim drouth-stricken areas of western Canada had been undertaken 20 years ago "the farmers would not be facing the serious situation they are to-day," declared a statement issued by the prairie soil rehabilitation advisory committee. Dr. E. S. Archibald, director of experimental farms, is chairman of that committee.

Reclaiming sections where soil drifting had been exceptionally severe was a major task in itself, the statement said. This work was being directed by Dr. E. S. Hopkins, Dominion field husbandman. "Large scale co-operative efforts by which groups of farmers will undertake strip farming, the planting of trees for shelter belts around farm homes, buildings and a paddock, are also being launched. It is hoped to have whole townships included in this co-operative scheme."

Applications from 4,800 farmers have been received for advice and assistance in constructing small dams and other means of conserving water for domestic and general use on the farms. The committee intended to give all the assistance possible to these applicants.

Millions of trees were being provided to farmers and careful study made of the effect of trees as wind breaks. The drouth resistance of various grasses was being studied.

Provincial governments on the prairies as well as the universities and farmers' organizations were cooperating in the work.

The prairie farm rehabilitation act, introduced into the commons last session by Hon. Robert Weir, minister of agriculture, provided \$750,000 for rehabilitation work this year and \$1,000,000 would be voted under it in each of the next four years. In addition \$500,000 has been allotted under the public works act for water developments.

South Africans Like Cereals

Cheops And Steaks Losing Place On Breakfast Table

South Africa at one time was a great meat-consuming country, and twenty years ago chops and steaks were fixtures on the breakfast table. To-day they are a rarity and cereals of the American variety have taken their place. And it is a fact that there is a marked difference in the physique generally of the present generation when compared with their parents and grandparents. The young people of to-day are not nearly so largely built.

The story of the opening of the trades exhibition in an English town where the committee of the butchers' section presented the mayors (who opened the exhibition) with a joint of prime beef in lieu of a bouquet of flowers, presents a moral to the trade in South Africa. It suggests a slogan: "Eat Meat to Avoid Defeat."

The Soy Bean

Is Used In Many Food Products Including Ice Cream

Chemists have found the soy bean useful in many spheres. From it are now made, in addition to valuable cattle feed, paint oil, varnish, enamels, oilcloth, linoleum, buttons, handles, bed springs, windows trim, stockings, electrical parts, printer's ink, glycerine, celluloid, glue, soap and rubber substitutes.

In the realm of foods for which the soy bean is useful are sixty-five different products. There is even soy bean ice cream.

The soy bean has been a farm crop in the Orient for centuries. Chinese make milk, butter and cheese from it. It was first grown on this continent in 1904.

Saw Long Service

One of Great Britain's historic locomotives was recently retired from service after having run 780,000 miles, reports the Canadian National Railways. It was the last of the "single wheelers" in public passenger service and was built in 1883. The most distinctive feature is the single pair of driving wheels, which are seven feet in diameter.

Turkish towels are so-called because the materials from which they are made resembles a cloth of Turkish manufacture.

Politicians must envy the moon. It always comes back after an eclipse.

Paralysis In Fowl

Progress Made In Control But Experts Still Baffled

Within the last five or six years a disease known as range or fowl paralysis has become an important factor in the rearing program of poultrymen. Discovered in Europe in 1907, it first gave trouble here in 1929 when in some cases 50 per cent of growing flocks fell prey to the disease. While some progress has been made in control, experts admit that they are still baffled.

Usually the most promising pullets are first attacked at the age of from three to five months. Older birds are less immune. An uneasy gait is the first symptom and as the disease develops, both the disease and the wings. Wings are next affected and birds usually become powerless. Birds are able to eat, however, and sometimes linger for three months.

For control, the following recommendations are made:

First of all, one must remove at once any otherwise healthy birds which tend to show lameness. If the condition develops, then these should be killed and burned, and if the presence of the disease is definitely established, then remove, if at all possible, pullets to a new ground. If the buildings have to be used, then thoroughly clean and disinfect them before allowing birds in. The infected should be shot, dug up and buried under and it may be considered safe after four months, if no birds were allowed on it in the meantime. Keep a close watch on pullets and remove immediately all suspected birds.

Ornamental And Useful

Fruit Of Plants Grown For Beauty Has Food Value

Beauty for beauty's sake was once considered the only "reason" for the growing of ornamental plants, but Dr. A. S. Colby, chief in small fruit culture at the College of Agriculture, University of Illinois, says that the food value of several ornamental plants has given them a new value.

The Japanese quince is one of the shrubs recently found to possess a "dual personality" in that its fruit is valuable in supplying additional pectin and acidulant needed in making jelly with apples or other fruit. Long ago, Indians used the fruit of the bush cranberry to make a jelly which was eaten with buffalo meat. They called the fruit "pembina." To-day, this fruit is being rediscovered as a source of beauty and food.

Nanking cherries also come under the group of edible fruits produced on plants grown primarily for their ornamental value.

Architect Had His Way

Proved To Indian Rajah His Idea Best

A maker of beautiful things is mindful of the things that are more beautiful than anything human hands can fashion. So it was that the right reply came to the lips of a great architect when his work was questioned.

Sir Edwin Lutyens had been chosen as the architect of the new Delhi, but the Viceroy of India had different ideas about the style of the building.

Lord Hardinge wanted him to adopt the pointed arch, and said that the greatest benefactor India had ever known was Rajah So-and-so, who had always adopted the pointed arch in all the great buildings of his time. Sir Edwin Lutyens' reply to this was that the greatest benefactor to India in his opinion was God, and that He had not given the pointed arch when He gave the rainbow.

The architect had his way.

Model Lifts Big Weight

Toy Steam Engine Capable Of Lifting Half A Ton

Perhaps the only toy model steam engine in the world capable of lifting 1,000 pounds has been constructed by Walter Gregory, Quincy, Mass.

The engine, made at home, is run by steam, and technical experts have travelled many miles to see it.

The boiler dimensions are: Height, 24 inches; firebox, 9 inches high; 37 three-quarter-inch tubes, 15 inches long.

Do not wash aluminum saucepans with soda water.

Prices Have Changed

Great Increase In Real Estate Values In Old London

Tourists revisiting London again after an absence of several years are greatly impressed by the multiplicity of new buildings and the preparations being made for the erection of still more, writes John Grigg in the New York Sun. But Londoners themselves are always being treated to structural surprises, in the continued building boom which causes tall signs in the appearance of a block or street.

The rise in real estate values in the inner rings of the capital has induced certain Londoners to turn up old records to see what the new golden acres were worth some centuries ago. While no one would gainsay that Piccadilly is a street of unequal wealth in terms of land value, nearly the whole length of it was sold in the eighteenth century for \$1,500. The deal, countenanced by employees of the State, was on a par with certain indiscreet dispersals of Crown lands in earlier times. Not every Londoner knows, either, that the Cromwellian days Hyde Park, which covers 564 acres was sold to three men for a total of \$85,000. It is worth millions to-day and, what is more to the point, is unparcable.

The thanks of Londoners are due to Charles II, the Merry Monarch, for his preservation as an open space free to the public, for shortly after he came to the throne the sale was revoked and the land returned to the Crown.

Grain Appeal

U.S. Government Opposes Move Of Chicago Dealer

The appeal of Arthur W. Cullen, Chicago grain dealer, to an order suspending him from trading privileges for two years, was answered by the U.S. government.

The reply to the Canadian-born operator was a 127-page brief filed before the United States circuit court of appeals by Wendell Berge and Leo F. Tierney, special counsel for the U.S. department of agriculture. Oral arguments are expected to be heard some time in October.

The government attorneys contend the grain futures commission was fully within its jurisdiction in suspending the trader.

By exploding 20 tons of gunpowder, a Scottish quarry has brought down enough granite to keep the quarry busy for five years.

In a free country the people demand laws to make themselves behave.

The SNAPSHOT GUILD

Watch Your Perspective



"Distortion is possible if you want it (left) or it can easily be avoided"

Would your girl friend or wife say if you made your appearance with her picture after the Sunday outing, showing her with enormous teeth such as those in the picture to the left?

War would probably be declared when you made the familiar statement, "Well, dear, the camera never lies." But the truth is that the camera didn't lie if it caught just what the lens saw.

Evidently the amateur who took this picture held the camera quite close to his eye, so that the distance from the eye to the lens was three feet from the two feet of the attractive young lady. Her head and shoulders were at the right distance from the camera, but the hands were held so close to the body that the fingers could not be seen.

Now you should know how and how not to get distortion in your portraits so let your conscience be your guide.

We white it, but portrayed exactly what we see and what the eye sees, the eye would see if one looked at the subject from the same point of view.

True, this is a much exaggerated example of bad perspective, but in the case of a portrait, it is the "up" of any object, we should be careful to see that no part of the subject is very much nearer the camera than the rest.

In making portraits we are sometimes likely to permit our subject to place a hand well forward on the arm of the chair. If working within the "up" of the eye, the hand will appear abnormally large. Better have the hands in the lap in a natural position and close to the body with most of the fingers tucked in.

Now you should know how and how not to get distortion in your portraits so let your conscience be your guide.

JOHN VAN GUILDER

Long Range Forecasts

Establish Definite 23-Year Cycle Of Weather Changes

Devastating drouths such as that of 1934 may in the future be predicted years ahead as accurately as tomorrow's weather is now forecast.

Dr. C. G. Abbott, secretary of the Smithsonian Institution and outstanding authority on radiation of the sun, has announced new results of his studies of the effect of variations in the sun's rays on the earth's weather. He holds great promise for long-range weather forecasting. Analysis of his data shows he secretly predicted the 1934 drouth with a high degree of accuracy.

He has established a definite 23-year cycle of weather changes which is apparently dependent on a double sun-spot cycle in solar radiation. In this cycle temperature and rainfall at numerous points over the surface of the earth approximately duplicate conditions at the same points 23 years before.

Dr. Abbott was quick to point out that the repetition would not follow exactly from month to month each 23 years, but that in general, normal or abnormal weather could be expected to recur at approximately that interval. Thus another major drouth may be expected to occur in 1957.

Canada Buying More

June Imports From United Kingdom Higher Than Last Year

We have had occasion in the past to complain of the poorness of the response of certain Dominions to the provisions of the Ottawa Agreements so far as their purchases from the Mother country were concerned. It is with satisfaction, therefore, that to-day we find ourselves in the pleasant position of being able to hand a bouquet to Canada. Official returns show that imports into the Dominion from the United Kingdom increased from a total of \$1,029,000 last month, June, 1934, to \$1,990,880 last month, June, 1935.

We look for this to continue on a still bigger scale. The new Order-in-Council which imposes a surtax of 33 1/3 per cent. on all goods imported into Canada from Japan should help.

Statesmen in the Dominion may not be realizing the benefit of the Order-in-Council. The Japanese are the Mother country in Canada's national life.—London Sunday Dispatch.

Until as late as 1842, Lower California was believed to be an island instead of a peninsula.

The amount of branded beef sold in Canada during June, 1935, was 3,312,501 pounds.

Fur Farming In Canada Grows In Recent Years To Considerable Proportions

A Monster Camera

Bridge In San Francisco Bay Throw Picture On Concrete

The world's largest camera has been discovered by accident in the middle of San Francisco Bay. The "camera" is the centre anchorage of the huge suspension bridge. It is a concrete affair about the height of a fifteen-story building, 197 feet long and 82 feet high.

Vent holes near the top of the tremendous box act as pinhole lenses, so directing the rays of light from outside that they cast an enormous picture on the concrete partition side that divides the anchorage in two.

The vent holes cut in the six-foot walls are rectangular apertures 1 foot by 2 feet. The pictures, the "plate holder" of the giant camera, are of course upside down, as the main fur-bearing animals live on these farms. Silver fox was the animal most sought by the fur farmers and so valuable did their pelts become in the early days of fur farming that a pair of silver foxes for breeding purposes cost as high as \$35,000. To-day 93 per cent. of the crop of the fur farms is silver fox.

The idea of fur farming came from the habit of trappers to capture alive young foxes and keep them near their cabin till the animals' fur farms were started. So fur farms were started, and fox became the main fur-bearing animal kept on these farms. Silver fox was so valuable that its pelts became in the early days of fur farming that a pair of silver foxes for breeding purposes cost as high as \$35,000. To-day 93 per cent. of the crop of the fur farms is silver fox.

But though fur farming has become a big business, with farms throughout Canada, it is by no means perfected. At Summerside, Prince Edward Island, there is a government experimental fur farm. Here scientists are busy developing methods whereby better furs can be raised on the farms. Diets for captive animals are given much attention and experiments are now being carried on to discover the best time of the year to supplement the regulation of these farm-raised fur-bearing animals with vitamins A and D to produce a good growth of pups.

Experimenters have found what they think will overcome one of the great difficulties of fur farming—parasites which infest the animals. No matter what methods have been tried, what precautions have been taken, external parasites are to be found on the animals. The Summerside scientists have developed what they now believe is a sure cure, the spraying of all kennels, nests and all the wood-work of the pens with kerosene oil three times a year. Other experiments now going on are revealing new information regarding the influence of protein content in rations on the development of fur: whether dried meat, meat meal and fish meal contain fresh meat during summer months; work is now progressing to determine the iodine requirements of silver foxes in captivity.

While foxes are the main animals on the farms, other fur-bearers are also being raised, including mink, raccoon, Fisher and otter. The mink in particular is easily domesticated and there are now 577 mink farms in Canada. Muskrat farms are rapidly multiplying and during the last three years more muskrat skins were cured than any other kind. But the silver fox still brings in the big money, with \$867 as the high price last year for one silver fox skin.

Fur farms, in case you are interested, have a capital investment of nearly \$14,000,000 by the latest government statistics, while the animals on the farms are valued at \$7,500,000.

There remain, of course, a great many trappers who depend upon the native wild animals for existence and pit their skill and cunning against that of the forest denizens. From them, too, fur manufacturers draw valuable shipments of fur each year to grace the models of city fur shops.

Largest Open-Air Zoo

Is One Of The Seven Wonders Of East Africa

After a visit to the famous Ngoro Ngoro volcano crater, where in a depression many miles wide, thousands of wild game of all kinds disport themselves in what is the world's largest open-air zoo. Sir Harold Macmillan, governor of Tanganyika, has outlined plans for making it possible for automobiles to reach the rim of the crater. This will enable tourists to view one of the seven wonders of East Africa.

The average income of Napoleon III of France amounted to \$14,219 a day.

Some people think newspapers should please everybody. It can't be done.

BEST ATTAINABLE IMAGE FROM DOCUMENT AVAILABLE

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

French war veterans on a friendly visit to Canada were hosts to prominent Montreal war veterans and militia men.

Since Jan. 1 six swimmers in the harbor at Sydney, N.S.W., have been attacked by sharks and only two have survived their injuries.

The high price of pork has made the hunting of wild hogs a paying sport. The meat brings about nine cents a pound in Texas.

A Corning, N.Y., minister's wife was denied United States citizenship because she refused to subscribe to the stipulation that she bear arms for the United States in time of war.

Bound for Idaho, a shipment of 75 purebred Suffolk rams left Calgary recently. The sheep were consigned to breeders at Caldwell, Idaho, marking a new export outlet for Alberta.

Despite poor crops, the Doukhobor communities in the west will meet their obligations this fall. W. C. Kazakoff, Veregin, Sask., is reported as stating.

A television broadcasting tower is being built on top of the Eiffel Tower in Paris and is expected to provide regular service after three months testing.

Apple and other fruit trees will be planted in Moscow streets instead of the usual shade variety. State farms were ordered to cultivate 140,000 fruit trees to be planted at Moscow beginning in 1938.

The crushing blow which flood waters dealt to the lines of the Northern Alberta railroads last month will necessitate immediate repair, conservatively estimated at \$250,000.

The Soviet Union's grain acreage as of Aug. 15 totalled approximately 142,000,000, an area comprising 65 per cent of the cultivated cereal lands, it was announced. The figure is about 7,000,000 acres above that for the same date last year.

William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, said in a speech to the state labor federation's convention that the six-hour working day and the five-day working week must come, if jobs are to be given those who did not have them.

Gifts For Aviators

Winnipeg Pilots Going To South Pole Wear City's Crest

When Pilots H. Hollick-Kenyon and J. H. Lyburner fly with the Lincoln Ellsworth expedition down to the South Polar regions during the coming summer months of the southern hemisphere, they will wear pinned to their breasts, two small silver replicas of the coat-of-arms of Winnipeg.

The gifts were presented to the men by Mayor John Queen at a dinner given by the Aviation League of Manitoba. "These mementoes," said the mayor, "will carry the good wishes and the high hopes and expectations of the people of Winnipeg for your success."

"But they are like a Scotch gift," his worship added. "There is a string attached to the giving. When you come back next May, I presume the Aviation League will have a celebration in honor of your return, and we would like to send them back to the mayor of Winnipeg, so that they can be framed and kept in the city hall as mementoes of the interest the city of Winnipeg has in this expedition, which we hope will be historic."

J. B. Coyne, president of the league, said Manitoba has a special interest in polar expeditions by reason of the fact Franklin tried to find a northwest passage to the Orient north of Canada, and so gave a lead to Arctic exploration.

The flight which will be undertaken by Lincoln Ellsworth, with Hollick-Kenyon piloting, between Weddell Sea and Ross Sea, is 2,800 miles, as far as from Montreal to Vancouver.

Monster Ice Breaker

Russian Ship Will Keep Northern Sea Route Open

Declared by Soviet authorities to be the largest ice-breaker in the world, a ship with 24,000 horsepower engines is being constructed near Leningrad. The new craft will be able to cross the 4,000 miles of the northern sea route without refueling. Other ships can follow in its track, greatly accelerating the journey. It is hoped that Arctic exploration also will be facilitated.

The moon not only causes a tidal wave on the side of the earth next to it, but also causes a wave on the opposite side of the earth.

Claims Cure For Glaucoma

Dread Eye Disease Yields To Drug

Says Specialist

A dreadful word among doctors is glaucoma, hardening of the eye-balls. Salt and water in the blood seep out of the blood vessels of the eye and into the eye's cavity. Because this salty liquid cannot escape, it jams the retina against the wall of the eye, slowly destroys the tasseled end of the optic nerve. Vision dims, blindness ensues. Drugs have proved of little help; surgery gives only temporary relief.

Dr. Emanuel M. (for euphony) Josephson, Manhattan eye and ear specialist, announced in Science that he had at last ascertained the true cause of glaucoma and could cure it with a drug.

The cause, he declared, was derangement of the adrenal glands. Those glands, situated one above each kidney, secrete two hormones—adrenalin in the core, cortin in the hulls. One of adrenalin's effects is to draw sugar into the blood.

The effects of cortin, a scarcer substance, are less well known. Among such effects is control of the amount of salt and water in the blood. Scarcity of cortin in the system increases the permeability of the walls of blood vessels and capillaries, permits a leakage of salty fluid from the blood.

Such leakage occurs in glaucomatous eyes, Dr. Josephson reasoned, probably because the patient's adrenals supply too little cortin. He bought some cortin at a drug store, injected it into the muscles of glaucomatous patients. Usually within half an hour eye pressure dropped to normal, tension and pain in the eyeballs ceased, and many purblind patients could see clearly for the first time in years.

Pursuing a hypothesis, Dr. Josephson gave cortin to near-sighted children. In most cases their vision also promptly improved. That must mean, he decided, that myopia and glaucoma are due to the same thing.

Canada's Trade With Italy

Imports Last Year Valued At \$2,750,000 And Exports Over \$3,500,000

With Prime Minister Signor Benito Mussolini so much in the news on paper headlines, people are apt to forget that Italy is still a kingdom and that the king is Victor Emmanuel II. Italian unity was accomplished under the House of Savoy after a heroic struggle continuing from 1848 to 1870. Cavour, the statesman, Mazzini, the philosopher, and Garibaldi, the soldier, being the principal figures. From a constitutional monarchy the kingdom's government has become, since 1922, a Fausto state, the basic idea being that the corporative or guild state, based on capitalism, is supreme over the economic and social groups within the nation.

The peninsula and the seventy islands belonging to Italy have an area of less than one-fifth the size of Quebec, but the population of forty-two millions is four times that of all Canada. There is a large settled and floating population of Americans and Britishers. Rome, the capital, is about the size of Montreal.

Canada does a considerable trade with Italy, the imports last year being valued at about \$2,750,000 and the exports over \$3,500,000. We get lemons, olives and cherries in brine, olive oil, wines, felt hats, silk fabrics, cream of tartar, tobacco pipes and many textile products. We send to Italy a good deal of wheat, rubber tires, dried cod-fish, wood pulp, copper, nickel, sausage casings, upper leather and fox skins. Cargo vessels run direct between Canada and Italy both from and to the St. Lawrence and Vancouver ports.

Fruit Of Enormous Size

Strawberries In Alaska So Big One Teaspoon

Strawberries, luscious and so big that one would fill a teaspoon, and rhubarb with stalks as thick as the wrist and three to four feet high, yet as tender and juicy as the early shoots grown in the United States, were found in Alaska by Harry J. Lance, Jr., of the Philadelphia Academy of Natural Science expedition that went there to study the blue bean. Outsetting the advantages of the fruits and vegetables of enormous size and fine flavor are the insects which also grow to enormous size. The mosquitoes, he reports, are twice as large and ten times as vicious as the Jersey variety. The party had to wear net masks—New York Herald Tribune.

Dear Old Soul—But, doctor, if this is going to make me 10 years younger, how do I stand about my old-age pension?"

IN VICTORIA, B.C.



It's Victoria's tree-shaded motor roads that have helped to win for the city the name of Canada's Evergreen Playground.

Acrobatic Roller Skaters

Three High-Speed Russian Artists Performing In London

The most "revolutionary" Russians in the world have arrived in London. They are the Three Cossacks, high-speed acrobatic roller skaters, (two men and a girl), who whirl round at 130 m.p.h. on a table only eight feet square.

"This is the smallest table anyone has ever skated on and lived," John Gajkosky, the leader, said at the Savoy where the trio are appearing in cabaret.

"There is a black line running round the table several inches from the rim. All the time we are spinning while we keep our eyes on that line and never go outside it."

"Our slowest speed," he said, "is 60 m.p.h., and when working up to a climax we sometimes touch 150 m.p.h."

The Three Cossacks' chief fear is "centrifugalitis"—breaking of blood vessels in the eyes or legs due to their becoming overloaded in the high-speed whirling—London Daily Mirror.

For H.B. Route

Meteorological Station At Chesterfield Inlet Is Urged In London

Resolutions urging establishment of a meteorological station at Chesterfield Inlet on the Hudson Bay route and of an ocean observatory at lonely Tristan de Cunha Isle in the South Atlantic were passed by a conference of empire meteorologists.

The savants met in private sessions in London. James Patterson, of the government meteorological service at Toronto, attended, along with directors of every other meteorological service in the empire.

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The world's largest kitchen is that of the Waldorf-Astoria, New York.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

SEPTEMBER 1

PAUL (Worker With Hand And Brain)

Golden text: In all things I gave you an example, that so laboring ye ought to help the weak. Acts 20:35.

Lesson: Acts 20:33-35; Philippians 4:4-13.

Devotional Reading: Acts 22:3-10.

Explanations And Comments

Paul's Example, Acts 20:33-35.

Paul urged his hearers to follow the example he had set. He had not covered the world, but had labored ye to help the weak. The example of the eighth century saint, how to harden and temper iron and they ushered in the age of chivalry with steel-clad knights. The products of the iron age were the weapons of the medieval forces—Toledo blades, Damascus scimitars, Italian chain mail, and Moorish armor—are famous in song and story. Indeed, they were as good as good as their legendary iron.

Iron occurs very abundantly in nature and makes up about five per cent of the earth's crust. Scientists have calculated that the centre of the earth contains a sphere of metallic iron 4,000 miles in diameter, and covering this sphere is a layer of silicate of iron and magnesium 1,000 miles thick. If this be true, iron is the far more abundant element in the world. Iron is found combined with other elements in many minerals and in most rocks and soils. It is a conductor of electric current, of plants and of the blood of animals, and hence it plays a very important part in life processes.

Hematite, known by the Mental Pictures of the Christian Phillips 8, "Finally, brethren," Paul says. He has said this once before (3:1), but he is loth to conclude his letter with the words he loves so well. These words have a meaning which is the climax of his exhortations. "After he had insisted that, if his readers have faith and report to the master, the power which gives will guard them, he proceeds to once to insist that his readers must do their part by controlling their own lives. This is the great principle which enjoins trust in God. It is thus that we are to live, to work, and to serve. The reader will find in his mind and in his heart, and in his soul, the words of the apostle, 'I have not yet had with him who has given me his spirit to be a servant of the Lord'."

Electrical Engineer E. L. Brown, inventor of the apparatus, demonstrated its use before a score or so of California's most noted scientists, who watched with great interest while Brown annihilated a colony of termites flourishing in a piece of wood he had with him.

Termites eat wood, creatures that live in and on wood, fast becoming a major menace in American life, according to recent surveys. In fact, they are estimated to cost American property owners about \$50,000,000 each year, and the possibility of their eradication excited great interest among the assembled scientists.

Brown's insect killing machine operates with "cold heat." Short radio waves passing between two electrodes have the effect of generating sufficient heat to kill the bugs without setting the wood in which the little nuisances are living, afre-

Insect Killing Machine

Engineer Uses Artificial Fever To Annihilate White Ants

A neat little gadget that applies an "artificial fever" method of treating certain human diseases to the problem of ridding the civilized world of unpleasant insects is on exhibition at San Francisco.

Electrical Engineer E. L. Brown, inventor of the apparatus, demonstrated its use before a score or so of California's most noted scientists, who watched with great interest while Brown annihilated a colony of termites flourishing in a piece of wood he had with him.

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Judging Was Easy

When Walter Hines Page was a magazine editor, a writer addressed him with: "Now I'm positive you don't read them all. I submitted a story last week and, as a test, I pasted four pages together. When I read your editor, those pages will all be pasted together."

The cornerstone of the original U.S. capitol was laid by President Washington on Sept. 18, 1793.

Blue, green, yellow, red and even black snow has fallen in various parts of the world.

Find Mexico Interesting

Rotarian Delegates Report Temperature Even And The Climate Ideal

No need to go to Alaska to be cool or to Egypt to see the pyramids, according to Mrs. E. B. Flint of London, One of the most popular inhabitants at the Rotary International convention in Mexico City. It's not too hot and never too cool down there, and the Aztec pyramids are almost as interesting as the famous ones on the banks of the storied Nile.

Mexico, situated 7,500 feet above sea level, has an even temperature, never above 78 and never below 60, the visitors were told. It has retained many quaint customs.

In a city of more than 1,000,000 inhabitants there are only two machine laundries. Mrs. Flint said, for the women still adhere to the primitive method of washing their clothes in the streams with a flat rock to rub on.

The pyramids built by the Aztecs several hundred years ago, were of great interest, and not the least amazing feature was a primitive but effective shower installed in a niche in a wall. The delegates had Mexican dinner in a restaurant made in a cave below the pyramids.

The Floating Gardens, where land is so valuable that one place is built on it, was also another place of interest. It is possible to raise seven crops of corn a year on this land, and if a man sells a strip he merely digs another canal instead of building a fence to define the boundary.

Japs Build Own 'Planes

First Machines Were Bought To Study Their Construction

The suggestion, sometimes heard, that the Japanese do not make good airmen was emphatically denied by C. Wasseige, prominent French aeronautical engineer, who was aboard the R.M.S. Empress of Asia when she docked from Oriental ports. The Japanese, said Mr. Wasseige, have nerve, which is the main requisite of a good pilot. Their reflexes are good, as can be judged by the way their taxi-drivers get about the streets of Tokio.

The Japanese, he said, build all their own machines now. Like all other great powers, Japan bought the machines of other countries for study, but now was able to produce excellent flying machines and aircraft herself. He is returning to France after two months in Japan.

Only the very poor or the very rich are able to own more than one dog.

French military authorities have

telegraphers too.

Meanwhile the Italian consumption of lemons is bringing joy to California growers, who hope that prices will go up still further.—Detroit News.

Story Of Homer's Iliad

Professor R. A. Dana has placed

in a London safe deposit manuscripts

3,000 and 4,000 years old, which

he says, prove that the story of Hom

er's Iliad, greatest of classical Greek

poems, the epic of Helen of Troy,

whose face "launched a thousand ships," originated in an Indian epic poem written centuries before Homer was born.

Panama is attempting to grow rub-

ber, and 30,000 trees are being planted.

The fellow who tells you how hard he works wouldn't have time to tell you so if it were true.

Little Journeys In Science

IRON

(By Gordon H. Guest, M.A.)

Iron has played a very important role in the history of mankind and for many centuries has been the most useful of all the metals. The iron and steel industries are malevolent. Some of the early peoples made chariots and defensive weapons of it, but a sword that would bend easily was of little use as compared with a weapon of steel.

The smiths of the eighth century knew how to harden and temper iron and they ushered in the age of chivalry with steel-clad knights. The products of the iron age—Toledo blades, Damascus scimitars, Italian chain mail, and Moorish armor—are famous in song and story. Indeed, they were as good as good as their legendary iron.

Iron occurs very abundantly in nature and makes up about five per cent of the earth's crust. Scientists have calculated that the centre of the earth contains a sphere of metallic iron 4,000 miles in diameter, and covering this sphere is a layer of silicate of iron and magnesium 1,000 miles thick. If this be true, iron is the far more abundant element in the world.

Iron is found combined with other elements in many minerals and in most rocks and soils. It is a conductor of electric current, of plants and of the blood of animals, and hence it plays a very important part in life processes.

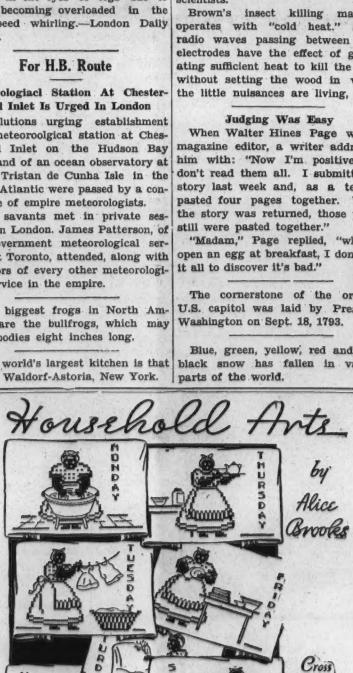
Hematite, known by the Mental Pictures of the Christian Phillips 8, "Finally, brethren," Paul says. He has said this once before (3:1), but he is loth to conclude his letter with the words he loves so well.

These words have a meaning which is the climax of his exhortations. "After he had insisted that, if his readers have faith and report to the master, the power which gives will guard them, he proceeds to once to insist that his readers must do their part by controlling their own lives, and not by the way he has given them to be a servant of the Lord."

Electrical Engineer E. L. Brown, inventor of the apparatus, demonstrated its use before a score or so of California's most noted scientists, who watched with great interest while Brown annihilated a colony of termites flourishing in a piece of wood he had with him.

Termites eat wood, creatures that live in and on wood, fast becoming a major menace in American life, according to recent surveys. In fact, they are estimated to cost American property owners about \$50,000,000 each year, and the possibility of their eradication excited great interest among the assembled scientists.

Brown's insect killing machine operates with "cold heat." Short radio waves passing between two electrodes have the effect of generating sufficient heat to kill the bugs without setting the wood in which the little nuisances are living, afre-



PATTERN 5260

Dress up your kitchen so you will be proud of it! Add decoration with these effective mammy towels. You'll love embroidering them—each motif is a different household task—each lends itself to the use of a variety of colors. Make one for each day of the week. "Make them for the señor—for a bridge—make a shower gift. Their droll design will make them welcome anywhere."

In pattern 5260 you will find a transfer pattern of seven motifs averaging 5 1/2 x 7 1/2 inches; material requirements and color schemes.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in stamps or coin (preferably) to Household Arts Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 172 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published

CLEAN SWEEP FOR SOCIAL CREDIT PARTY IN ALBERTA

Calgary. — Alberta will have a Social Credit government, headed by William Aberhart, the 57-year-old Calgary founder of the Alberta Social Credit League.

In its initial bid for power, and the first time the electors of a Canadian province have ever been offered a Social Credit administration, the league candidates made a sweep of the rural ridings.

Surrounded by members of the Social Credit league in Calgary, Mr. Aberhart, who was not a candidate, received the election returns at the Prophetic Bible Institute, which he founded here some years ago. It was here he organized the Social Credit league.

In an address to his followers, Mr. Aberhart declared:

"I feel our principles failed because he who fights against the greatest economic movement that had ever been seen. He who fights against 'truth and progress' fights a losing battle."

He described the election as a "revolution of ballots instead of bullets," and appealed to all those who had opposed his movement to make the organization unanimous.

"Come on now, fellow, join us," he invited.

"You can find no better place for security than in Alberta. We have no intention of confiscation or repudiation by any way, shape, or form," he declared.

Experts will aid in the establishment of Social Credit in Alberta, and Mr. Aberhart has announced he will bring Major C. H. Douglas, British economist and founder of the world-known "Douglas System of Social Credit," to Edmonton to assist in the initial administration work.

Thousands of Albertans are promised benefits under a Social Credit government.

The major benefit will be the payment of a \$25 a month dividend to all bona fide citizens. How many citizens will come under this classification in the province's population of 750,000 could not be estimated immediately. The government will, as one of its first duties, name the qualifications for "bona fide" citizenship. Length of residence in the province will, it is understood, be the major qualification.

Ready to lead his party as premier, Mr. Aberhart will have to seek office in a by-election. It is planned to make a seat for him at an early date.

Medal for Eskimo

To Receive Recognition For Services Rendered

Montreal. — Within the next few days "John L.", Southampton Island Eskimo, will receive the king's jubilee medal, the only member of his race selected for the award. This bit of news was brought back here by Dr. C. C. Birchard, Montreal physician, who spent five weeks aboard the Nascope, cruising around northern waters.

Famous as the skipper of a 60-foot Husky Bay schooner for the last 10 years, "John L." is known to practically every exploring party that has entered the Arctic. Dr. Birchard said: "As a reward for his services in aiding white men of the frozen north, "John L." will be presented with the medal by Major D. L. McKeand, director of the Northwest Territories branch of the department of the interior. Major McKeand is in charge of the government party aboard the Nascope.

Highway Improvements

Work To Commence On Road Between Winnipeg And Brandon

Winnipeg, Man. — Extensive improvements on the Trans-Canada highway between Winnipeg and Brandon will be undertaken shortly by the provincial department of public works.

This work is to be paid for on a 50-50 basis by Dominion and province.

Tenders have been called for by Hon. W. R. Clubb, minister of public works and labor, for asphalting 25 miles of the highway west of Portage la Prairie, for grading and graveling eight miles of highway west of Headingley, and for constructing five treated timber bridges at different points along the highway.

The American public pays undertakers, florists and monument makers \$10,000,000 a week for its funerals.

March Of Troops

Preparations For War Seen In Italy

Rome. — Italy's military consciousness grew steadily as the extent to which the energies of the nation are bound up in preparations for an East African war became increasingly clear.

The streets of Rome continually responded to the measured tread of detachments of troops marching through the capital on their way to embarkation points. Uniformed men were everywhere—streets, sidewalk cafes, restaurants, parks and shops. Military news dominated space in newspapers.

The *Gloria d'Italia* extended the editorial olive branch to Great Britain, but the offer was on the promise that Britain should come to appreciate the validity of Italy's East African policy. It argued Italian occupation of Ethiopia would be to Britain's advantage because it would be a "stable presence."

To Guard British Legation

Bomb Proof Shelter Being Built At Addis Ababa

Addis Ababa. — The British legation has taken steps to construct bomb proof shelter for the small British使馆 which will protect the legation in the event Italy attacks Ethiopia. The British have 6,000 men, 56 pieces of heavy, corrugated, galvanized iron sheets for the shelters. These also will provide quarters for British civilians.

Simsa, India. — An official announced from Bombay to reinforce the guard at the British legation in Addis Ababa.

The small force selected consists of a detachment of the fifth battalion of the 14th Punjab regiment, stationed at Poona.

Says Consent Needed

Closing of Suez Canal Must Have Approval Of France

London. — United States Senator James P. Hyde of Idaho, stated here that Great Britain is powerless to close the Suez canal to Italy, in the event of war, without the approval of France.

The British government cannot

act because of the peculiar owner-

ship set-up of the canal," he said. "I have learned that the British government owns only 44 per cent of canal shares, the remaining 56 per cent being public traded, with most of them held by the French."

The board of Suez directors is composed of one Dutchman, 10 Englishmen, and 20 French, with important executive offices held by Frenchmen."

Free Of Rust

Alberta Crops Escape Damage And Some Good Yields Expected

Calgary. — Alberta crops are free of rust this year and "bumper" yields are expected in some areas, Dr. G. B. Sanford, head of the Dominion laboratory of plant pathology, University of Alberta, reported here on his return from an inspection tour.

Dr. Sanford, who visited farms from Edmonton to Lethbridge, east to Medicine Hat and thence to the irrigated areas, estimated crops on irrigated lands, south of High River, to average 25 bushels to the acre.

In Calgary district and north, he said, the return will be much higher, while around Orléans and Lacombe some real "bumper" were expected.

To Pay For Road

Soviet Government Accepts Flour From Japan

Tokyo. — The Soviet government has contracted to take 400,000 sacks of Japanese flour in part payment for the former Chinese Eastern railway and further similar orders are anticipated, according to the newspaper *Yomiuri*.

The transaction is believed largely responsible for a considerable rise in the prices of Japanese wheat and flour.

The agreement by which Manchukuo bought the railway provides that after the first payment in cash, further payments might be in products of Manchukuo or Japanese origin.

Prairie Crop Estimate

Winnipeg. — A prairie wheat crop of 365,000,000 bushels was estimated by the Seoirs Grain Company in its crop survey based on reports from 1,169 correspondents. The prairie crop last year was 263,000,000 bushels.

Cabinet Transacts Business

Passes Orders To Be Approved By Governor-General

Ottawa. — Cabinet council sitting Aug 20 for the first time in a week, passed some orders-in-council respecting the Public Works Construction Act, it was learned, but no details will be made known until they have been approved by the governor-general or his deputy.

It was assumed the contracts referred to the railway equipment orders for which, under the Supplementary Public Works Construction Act of last session, \$15,000,000 was voted. Under that the government was empowered to advance money to finance rail equipment required for both the Canadian National and Canadian Pacific Railways, repayable by arrangements as an unemployment relief measure.

No appointments were made, Prime Minister Bennett said at conclusion of the council's session. It is expected a minister of marine will be appointed shortly, this being the only outstanding vacancy now remaining.

HON. JOHN T. HAIG



Winnipeg man who has been a member of the Manitoba Legislature for many years, appointed to the Senate.

Thanksgiving Day

Changed From Monday To Thursday This Year

Ottawa. — Opposition to any further change in the date of Thanksgiving for this year was expressed by Hon. C. H. Cahan, secretary of state.

Churches now observe Thanksgiving instead of Monday for the holiday.

The secretary of state has responsibility for deciding the date. Originally it was fixed for Monday, Oct. 14, but when that was selected as election day, Thanksgiving was moved to Oct. 24, a Thursday.

"For over 40 years," Mr. Cahan said in a statement, "Thanksgiving Day was always fixed for a Thursday in October. The day as the king's proclamation always states is fixed as 'a day of general thanksgiving to Almighty God' for the blessings with which Canada has been favored during the year."

"In later years the churches of Canada have complained that as a weekend holiday the religious character of Thanksgiving Day has been almost completely lost sight of, and that the day has become one for holiday excursions and frivolous entertainments, which are not consistent with the objects for which the day was originally set aside."

Orders were given to 49 inspectors working for the board that their services would be required no longer.

Work of the inspectors, one to each \$1,000,000 invested in farm loans, had been to inspect farms as loan risks and to work on the collection routine.

They assist the government on an average of \$10,000 a month, Mr. Hepburn estimated.

Latest figures showed there were 16,500 farm loans made and more than 500 farms were on the government's hands.

Mr. Hepburn said it was costing

the government more than 33 1/2 per cent to collect on either the interest or the capital.

PRINCE'S SON SHOES A HORSE



Lord MacDuff, son of Prince Arthur of Connaught and grandson of the Duke of Connaught, stands at age Aug. 9, the occasion being marked with gay festivities at Mar Lodge in the Highlands. Attached to the Royal Scots Greys, the young Prince is seen here shoeing a horse, part of the regular training course.

Keep Tab On Speed

Automatic Movie Camera For Campbell's Bluebird

London. — A small automatic movie camera will be installed in the cockpit of Sir Malcolm Campbell's Bluebird when the British speed king attempts to drive his racer 300 miles per hour on the plains of Utah next month.

The camera will make a continuous record of the instruments' reading while the great car thunders over the course, and not only will afford an authentic record of the revolutions attained, but will permit Sir Malcolm to keep his eyes off the instruments and concentrate on driving.

Arrest Suspected Spies

Two Nazis Taken Into Custody By French Police

Mots, France. — Police announced they had uncovered ultra-modern methods used by alleged German spies with the arrest of two Nazis.

Louis Altmeier, 25, and Jean Husinger, 30, who police called "wobblies" for their alleged spy work, were nabbed as they crossed the Suez canal.

The informant said the cabinet, in

BRITAIN IS FIRM IN RESOLVE TO PREVENT WAR

London. — Great Britain, an advised informant told the Associated Press, will go to any length under the league covenant to try to prevent war in Africa.

If other powers join her, he said, she will subscribe not only to financial and economic pressure upon the aggressor but to the use of military, naval and air sanctions. (In other words, display of force.) She will even consider joint closure of the Suez canal.

The informant said the cabinet, in emergency session, decided to seek a peaceful settlement by every possible device but, if that fails, to advocate the use of the strongest league instrumentalities provided — and this was definite — she does not stand alone. Britain does not intend to police the world single-handedly, he said.

The cabinet emphasized, the informant said, its determination to support the covenant of the league and all treaties.

Added the League of Nations must decide the type of sanctions to be employed in event of hostilities and how forcefully they are likely to be employed.

The decisions were reached toward the close of a four and three-quarters hour meeting during which the ministers solemnly reviewed the whole problem.

The keynote of the cabinet's decision was embodied in the statement made July 31 by Sir Samuel Hoare, foreign secretary, in the house of commons when he said: "I do not think there need be any doubt * * * we are fully conscious of our obligations under our treaties and under the covenant and that we certainly intend to uphold them."

The government will continue to keep the Dominions and the United States closely advised and its progress in new peace efforts. However, the cabinet remained firmly opposed to single-handed action as far as sanctions against nations are concerned, in order sedulously to avoid assuming the role of sole policeman of European peace. Great Britain will continue to work with France in the peace efforts.

Contrary to expectations, no official statement of the cabinet proceedings was issued, the decisions arrived in it being announced unofficially and informally.

The 22 ministers assembled heard a full report from Anthony Eden, minister for League of Nations affairs, of the abortive conference in Paris with representatives of France and Italy.

The question of Dominion participation in any measures that might be taken was not raised by the foreign secretary. In my opinion this is a question solely for the governments concerned, and so far none have deemed it necessary to make any pronouncements.

The Dominions have the opportunity to state their views on the problem when the league assembly meets September 9. Australia is at present the only Dominion on the council.

Drought Plan

Interest Shown In Water Development Scheme

Ottawa. — More than 4,800 farmers and ranchers throughout the drought area of the prairie provinces had applied for assistance under the water development scheme organized as part of the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act, Agriculture Minister Robert Weir stated.

"The problem of supplying a more adequate and dependable water supply for domestic use and livestock, and for irrigation where feasible, for the growing of feed and garden stuff is a vital one on many farms and ranches," he said.

"Of the total applications received to date, nearly 350 are from Manitoba, over 2,800 from Saskatchewan, and somewhere around 1,400 from Alberta."

Repair Costs Heavy

Edmonton. — The crushing blow which flood waters dealt to the lines of the Northern Alberta railways last month will necessitate immediate repair conservatively estimated at \$200,000. It was believed in railway circles here. It was estimated that ten miles of track along the shores of Slave Lake would have to be rebuilt.

Cultivating Desert Waste

Irrigation Will Make Garden Of Eden Fruitful Again

The Garden of Eden is going to flower again. Within the next three years land that has been a desert waste for 3,000 years will be transformed by British engineers into a fruitful, cultivated area.

But instead of "every tree that is pleasant to the sight and good for food," as Genesis records, there will be vast areas of maize, cotton and wheat.

This changing of the face of a country will be effected by building a great barrage across the River Tigris at Kut.

British engineers—Messrs. Balfour and Beatty, of London—have secured the contract. This work will cost £100,000. It will take three years to complete.

The barrage will irrigate nearly 10,000 square miles of Iraq, between the Tigris and the Euphrates.

In that area, according to both modern research and Hebrew tradition, lies the site of the Garden of Eden.

To-day it is trackless desert, completely without vegetation, except in occasional oases and half-mile wide strips by the side of the main rivers. But it is potentially rich soil. When the irrigation scheme is in operation the Bedouins will be invited to abandon their caravans and settle on the land.

To some nomad Arab will fall the honor of cultivating the land where Adam and Eve walked before the Fall. Archaeologists have discovered that this region was fruitful until about 3,000 years ago.

All the trees were cut down, presumably for fuel and building, by the Babylonian inhabitants of that day and thus there remained no natural method of conserving the scanty rainfall and river supply. The Babylonians had an irrigation system. What happened to it nobody knows.

A Greek historian says that in the days of Babylon the crops in the areas now to be irrigated included "wheat, sesame, barley, palms and apples, and shaded fruit grew wild." But for 3,000 years the region has been desert.

The Kut barrage will divert part of the waters of the Tigris in the dry season into the river Shatt-el-Gharraf, which is probably the stream which Genesis says: "Went out of Eden to water the garden and from thence it was parted and became into four heads."

Ban On Foreign Clothes

Measure Proposed In China To Restrict Import Of Goods

To correct the adverse balance of trade which Kuangtung has been suffering, General Chen Chi-tang, Commander-in-Chief of the Kuangtung forces, has proposed in Canton a measure to restrict the use of imported goods, including an official ban on the wearing of foreign clothes. It is understood that the proposal, which has been submitted to the Political Research Institute, provides for enforcement of the ban among government employees first. General Chen has also suggested that Government employees be required to attend office at seven o'clock every morning in order to take exercise before attending their duties.

Wins After Long Fight

Author Who Married American Regains Her British Nationality

After an eight-years' fight to regain her British nationality, a woman has been granted a naturalization certificate. She is Mrs. Winifred Lewellen de Jan—Miss Winnifred James, the author.

"It does not mean a glow in the heart," said Mrs. de Jan, "because I have always been British, however much they tried to make me a traitress to my country."

Mrs. de Jan married an American citizen in 1913, but the marriage was dissolved in Panama.

Made Double Catch

B.C. Fisherman Could Claim New Kind Of Angling Record

Talibet Gordon, a fisherman of the Talibet cannery at Bella Coola, B.C., believes he can claim some kind of an angling record. While fishing recently he caught a large halibut and a fifteen-foot mud shark on the same line, the hooks being not more than five feet apart. Although the mud shark is a lethargic creature it required a good deal of energy to bring the double catch to shore.

Many factories in Australia are being expanded.

GERMANY ACTIVE IN TRAINING FOR WAR



The Schwedt Cavalry Regiment manoeuvres in which one of the chief objectives was to bring an armoured car over the River Oder. A big crowd of press, film folk and spectators were on hand.

Fortune Wasted Yearly

Failures In American Schools Cost Fathers 90 Million Dollars

Playing hookey and dodging homework may be honored traditions of American schooldays, but if Dad ever gets wise to how much it's costing him, it won't be so romantic.

Two out of every seven students have to repeat one year of school work before they reach the seventh grade, the U.S. Bureau of Education revealed in figures given out.

The cost of these flunking youngsters—watch Dad yelp—is somewhere in the neighborhood of 90 million dollars a year.

Then comes the bright spot, however. The Bureau says the figures on flunks are dropping all the time. It's not, however, because Willy is playing less hookey, or Jane is more conscientious about homework.

It's because of improved teaching methods, says the Bureau, particularly the modern method of classifying students and letting those who can learn rapidly go ahead, while being held back by the class dunces.

That not only helps to pull up the general average of promotions, but it means that the subnormal pupils—segregated from the others—get closer attention, and learn more rapidly.

Wider establishment of kindergartens, too, has improved the general situation, the Bureau explained, because it gives children a training in school methods and discipline, and a psychological foundation that permits them to assimilate first-grade learning without difficulty.

The cost figure for flunkers, in reality, is higher than the 90 million dollars, the Bureau explained, because these figures are based on white students in city schools. Rural schools have a much poorer showing as a rule, and Negro schools, particularly in the South, have the lowest promotion average of all.

Figures on these, however, are not available.

Meeting Provocation

Man's Best Weapon Is Keeping Control Of Himself

No man is at his best when he has lost control of himself, and the time of all times when a man needs to be at his best is when he is being attacked. Yet how many men deceive themselves into thinking that they actually gain in force and effectiveness by letting go of themselves—"getting mad" and showing it—under provocation? To do so is both to weaken one's self and to uncover that weakness to others. The man who can continue to smile, inside and out, no matter what the provocation to do otherwise, has a weapon that makes him hopelessly invincible to his enemies. The man who "gets mad" hands over his best weapon to the opposition.

Still Able To Compete

Mrs. Mavis Mayne, 44 years old, of Auburn, Melbourne, is Australia's oldest active woman athlete. Despite her years she competes regularly in women's athletic events and won her last three months ago. She won her first race at the age of six and has been competing ever since. She has three sons, the eldest 21, and the youngest 16.

Extremes Of Temperature

The greatest extremes of temperature are to be found in the Himalaya mountains. A temperature of 219 degrees Fahr. direct sun heat has been observed during the day, while that night it fell to thirty-one degrees below zero—a range of 250 degrees Fahr. says an article in MacLean's Magazine.

Loss Of Physical Fitness

Many Unemployed Inferior In Health To Steady Workers

What has been generally regarded as one of the most tragic features of current employment—the loss of morale and physical fitness in the ranks of the jobless—now comes home with new force following the examination of a group of men in Toronto. Out of some four hundred unemployed single men only fifty per cent could be found to be in suitable condition for highway or farm work. The voice of sound medical opinion replaces the ranking of the professional politician.

That this condition is world wide, and not confined to Canada, is a well established fact. A recent survey in Great Britain showed that working men were far inferior physically to the employed, and still more so when compared to university students. The unemployed, taken from such industrial centres as Newcastle-on-Tyne, Liverpool and Birmingham, were shorter, lighter, and had considerably less strength than their more fortunate brothers.

If there is one slight redeeming prospect in this situation it is that as the Great War proved, these men of poorer physique can soon regain their full strength and stamina when returned to employment. The "dole" is no solution of the greatest problem, the restoration of the depression; the restoration of production is the goal to which public men, irrespective of party, must bend their efforts. The damage done, physically and mentally, to those who have taken refuge in relief, is the first challenge to statesmanship.—Hamilton Spectator.

Solved Difficulty

Carpenters in Oklahoma City saved a house in two so a loan company took possession of half of it under a mortgage foreclosure that entailed complication. The house was built on parts of adjoining lots, one of which was mortgaged. When the loan company tried to foreclose, Mrs. Fred Chavick, owner, moved her possessions into the part of the house built on the other lot.

Spit Behind The Words

The Ottawa Journal says there was more than the politeness of diplomacy in the words with which Norman Armour presented his credentials to the Governor-General as United States Minister to Canada. Behind them there was the spirit of a sincere friendship and understanding between two people hardly matched in the history of the world.

Warning Against Drugs

Heavy Increase In Habit In England

A warning that Britain was becoming a nation of drug-takers was given at the annual meeting of the British Dental Association in London.

Col. H. F. Humphreys, of Hampton-in-Arden, said the habit of private drug-taking in England was very much on the increase. People had been told they would take this condition they would feel very much better than they before.

The result had been much more indiscriminate drug-taking, he declared.

Dr. R. N. Craig of Exeter, said one reason for the increase in private drug-taking was the ease with which drugs could be obtained. "The Dangerous Drugs Act completely fails in some respects," he said. He named a particular drug, which he described as "an extra-ordinarily powerful addiction," which could be obtained over the counter just like petrol without any restriction whatever. "It is extraordinary that such a powerful and dangerous drug can be obtained so easily."

Dr. H. T. Roper of Birmingham, said that much of the fear and pain associated with dental surgery could be alleviated by the proper use of drugs, but it was well to remember not to give too large doses as they might interfere with the operation of the patient. Especially was this the case with patients who drove their own cars when it was remembered that one of the charged now possible was driving a car while under the influence of drugs.

Museum Of Voices

Voices of various statesmen and reproductions of outstanding speeches are being recorded by the League of Nations with the idea of preserving these records in a special museum and kept "for all time." The plan for the museum was proposed by the communications section of the League of Nations secretariat in Geneva.

Gift Of Conciliation

The essence of all fine breeding is the gift of conciliation. A man who possesses every other title to our respect, except that of courtesy, is often of little value to us all.

A rude manner renders him always liable to afront. It is never without dignity who avoids wounding the dignity of others.—Lyttton.

The right hand of Mona Lisa, painted by Leonardo da Vinci, is said to be the most perfect hand ever painted.

FANCIFUL FABLES



Nicknames For Trains

Railway Men In England Give Them Titles That Suit

How many English boys and girls know that while they are lying peacefully asleep in their quiet little beds the Flying Pig is racing through the air?

It isn't really a pig, because, as everyone knows, pigs don't fly. It is a train which runs between Devonshire and London, bringing pork to the markets. And because the men who work on the railway are fond of it, they have given it this curious nickname.

Railway men are only little boys growing big, and just in the same way as they used to christen their toy engine in the nursery days, so now they think of all sorts of appropriate titles for the great metal trains that run up and down the lines. The "Sauce" is a Worcester train, because it is there that the famous Worcester sauce is made, the "Carpet" belongs to the carpet town of Kidderminster, the "Patty" runs as you may well guess, from Cornwall, and the "Spud" (potato) from Cardiff.

The "Farmer's Boy" has a long way to go, for it travels all the way from Bristol to Birkenhead.

The "Raider" is a bacon train, running along between Swindon and Tavistock, while the "Sparrowgrass" carries sparrows from Worcester to Crewe.

"Here comes the old 'Mopper Up,'" you will hear the porter saying.

"Does she carry mops?" you ask.

"She's you no," laughs the porter. "She mops up loose traffic between Paddington and Bristol, that's what she does."

If you listen to railwaymen talking about the "B.C." train, don't fancy they are referring to a "special" belonging to the British Broadcasting Corporation, it is just an ordinary train joining up Basingstoke, Birmingham and Crewe. And should they happen to tell you about the "Street Flyer," don't imagine it is something to do with a motor race.

It is only a steady-going old goods train bringing truck loads of spring rhubarb from Yorkdale to London.—Christian Science Monitor.

Dog Guards Deaf Owner

Will Also Answer Phone And Attends The Door

"Dixi the watchman," an Alsatian who had saved six, has been trained as the perfect companion for the deaf and dumb. His owner, Johannes Hull, has taught him to:

Obey signs made with the fingers; wake his master when the alarm clock rings; fetch him to the front door to answer the bell, answer the telephone.

When the telephone rings, Dixi takes the receiver off and runs barking furiously to attract the attention of his master. Sound vibrations of the telephone are sufficiently amplified for a deaf man to comprehend them.

Dixi is occasionally unpolished when a bicycle bell rings in the street. He does not know whether to run to the telephone or to the front door.

China Insures Workers

New Enterprise To Be Operated Exclusively By State

Workers and people of modest means of China will avail themselves of a simplified system of life insurance operated by the Government, according to a law just passed by the Legislature in Nanking. The new enterprise is to be exclusively State-operated. It will be under the control of the Ministry of Communications, and no insurance company will be allowed to undertake this kind of insurance must be between \$50 and \$1,000.

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Serum For Lockjaw

Must Apply Artificial Respiration While Using This Drug

A deadly poison from the blowpipes of jungle savages is being turned into a cure for the most horrible form of death—tetanus or lockjaw.

After two years of research in the pharmacological laboratory of Oxford University, London, Eng. Dr. Ranford West, who had been experimenting with the deadly ingredient, has called for a human test.

He wants to fight poison with poison in the body of a human being. Dr. West described the poison as "curare." It comes from the jungle of British Guiana.

Natives prepared it by boiling various plants in a great cauldron, he said. Some of the plants played no part in the manufacture of the drug. Dr. West said:

"Two years ago I succeeded in having an expedition sent out by the British Guiana forestry department, through the foreign office.

"They secured plants in a district famous for cure. These were sent to this country and from some of them, chemists, have succeeded in preparing an alkaloid chemical substance which we have called curare."

The scientist explained that curare paralyzes the muscles, adding:

"That is why we have always wanted to use it in case of fits and spasms. In cases of lockjaw, the victim usually dies in the course of a muscular spasm, and if we could paralyze the muscles it would prevent them."

So now Dr. West has appealed to all physicians within 100 miles of Oxford or London to notify him of any patients who are dying of tetanus. He said:

"I can much help patients in this area with a few hours of word being received. The treatment is in its experimental stage at the moment and I would not dare to use it except in cases where death otherwise would result."

Dr. West said he had enough of the drug to treat 20 to 30 cases. One difficulty linked to use of the drug is that as the paralysis would affect the muscles used in breathing, he proposes to overcome this by applying artificial respiration with a machine invented by Bragg and Paul. He added:

"Tests have been made with it and I know approximately how much to give a patient."

Clues To Mystery Island

Russians Believe They Have Found Lost Polar Land

Signs indicating the presence of land in an unexplored area north-east of Greenland, about 275 miles from the North Pole, were contained in a wireless report from a Soviet scientific exploration party.

The expedition, under command of Prof. George Ushakov, vice chief of the Northern Sea Department, declared that the depth of the sea at that uncharted point decreased from 450 meters (1,476 feet) to 150 meters and that the bottom was covered with pebbles. This, the explorers said, indicated that land was nearby.

The aviator Vlasoff took off to investigate in one of the expedition's two airplanes but was prevented by mist from observing farther than a radius of five miles. He saw only floating ice.

However, the Soviet flier Maslenkov, after a round flight from Cape Schmidt, reported the discovery of large, uncharted islands off the northern coast of Siberia.

He said that he believed that it was the mysterious Andrejev's Land, the existence of which has been disputed for two centuries.

Controlling Mustard

Buckwheat Chooses Out First Growth On Experimental Farm

In an experiment conducted on the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, mustard was controlled in the following way: Buckwheat, which is a fast growing smooth crop, was sown about June 15. The mustard seed lying in the first 1½ inches of soil germinated about the same time as the buckwheat but the mustard seedlings were soon killed by the faster growing smoother crop. After harvesting the buckwheat, the land was not cultivated or disturbed in any way. The following spring oats were sown on the buckwheat stubble, directly with a seed drill, with no previous cultivation. Some mustard came up in the grain but the infestation was so small that the plants were hand pulled with little difficulty and the yield of grain was higher than when sown in the ordinary way.



MISS ALADDIN

—By—

Christine Whiting Farmerter
Author Of
"One Wide River To Cross"
"The Unknown Castle."

SYNOPSIS

Nancy Nelson is a sub-deb, a gay, irresponsible girl of nineteen, with no care for her studies, her health, her costume for her coming out party, independently, in the market crash. Her indulgent father loses all he had, and his family is faced with the necessity of finding a new place of living. At this juncture a letter is received from an eccentric relative in Colorado, who offers the girl a home on what seems to be impossible conditions.

After much consideration, Cousin Columbine's offer is accepted, and Nancy and Jack arrive at Pine Ridge. They go out in the hills to climb to the top of a hill so as to obtain a view of the surrounding landscape and misses the path Aurora Tubbs had told her to follow. A trick comes to her when she meets them, they Adams, and she asks him which way to go. They ascend the hill, look around, and then go on to Cousin Columbine's. The old Mark Adam tells Nancy that the Indian Luke has broken his leg, and that Jack Nelson has been hired to help out while Luke's leg gets better. With Jack gone, Nancy finds that she is lonesome, and having no books to read, the idea of starting a public library at Pine Ridge seems a good one, and since writes home to get her parents a number of books they could spare and all could induce others to let them have.

Nancy and Matthew are in neighboring town. On their return to Pine Ridge, Nancy is amazed to see the Columbine residence all lit up, and asks Matthew if he knows why. He writes: Let me go and see. Nancy is very leery that she is having her debut, but in a different setting than had been planned for her in Boston.

Now Go On With The Story

CHAPTER XIV.—Continued

"She was a courageous woman, my mother, but I have sometimes wondered what was in her heart as she set me on my feet and moved toward that door, unarmed. Did she expect to confront a band of roving savages? What met her eyes was a single brave, and a boy, of possibly, seven years old. No doubt the Indian looked smiter enough. Only the way before would not many miles away had been reached by the Indians. The horror of that story was still upon her; yet she did what may have been the only thing that protected herself and me. My mother smiled! It was, I imagine, a smile born out of terror; but that grim-visaged Indian was a gesture of friendliness. Who knows but had there been such gestures, one page of our history would have been less tragic. And then, although her hands were so tightly clenched that (she found later) the nails had pierced her flesh, she looked straight up at him and said two words—words which sounded strange to her own ears in such a moment. Perhaps you have guessed them: what my wonderful little mother said was: 'Merry Christmas!'"

Miss Columbine paused, and there was silence until Aurora Tubbs exclaimed: "But you ain't tellin' us that that wild Indian knew what she said, Miss Columbine! It's not behevble!"

The old lady seemed to be looking at something far away.

"Not the words," she answered, "but perhaps he understood the

WHEN YOUR DAUGHTER COMES TO WOMANHOOD

Most girls in their teens need a tonic and reguator. Give your daughter Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for the next few months. Teach her how to guard her health at this critical time. When she is a happy, healthy wife and mother she will thank you.

Sold at all good drug stores:

Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound

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smile, and she spoke gently. He came into the room, followed by his boy, and stood arms folded, looking down at that small gray tree and that happy little girl who knew no fear. For a moment I was too ashamed to note that callers; then, glancing up suddenly, I laughed with pleasure. Here was another child! I held my doll aloft so that the Indian boy could see it. "Look!" I cried joyously. "My new baby! See!"

"The boy reached out and took it from me, his white teeth gleaming in a quick smile. The man grunted something unintelligible and moved nearer the tree. He seemed, my mother told me, both puzzled and admiring, as a big child wondering what it was all about. He touched a yellow butterfly made from a scrap of paper; said something more, letting his glance rove slowly about the room. Her heart quickened as his eyes rested on the rifle; then she said: "It's a boy! I am still admiring my homemade doll, said something rapidly and took from his hand a bunch of beads, handing them out to me. It was, my mother understood, meant as an exchange for my clothespin baby, and fearing trouble should I rebel, she said: "See darling, it has brought you a Christmas gift! Let him keep your doll. I have another exactly like it for you; and this poor boy has no lovely tree, perhaps no mother. Tell him to keep it."

"My lip trembled; but she took the boy and set them about my neck, and suddenly I was enraptured with this new treasure. Apparently I was desirous of doing something for the other Indian, for I lifted the paper butterfly from its branch and held it out to him, saying: "It's your Kusmas gif, man! Merry Kusmas!" A breath of pleasure swept through her audience as Cousin Columbine ceased speaking; then she continued: "I seem to remember the Indian stopping to take my offering. I should be called though that is something my mother never corroborated. He grunted a word or two, intended, she was sure, as thanks; gave one more curious look at the small tree; and then they left us, those strange, strange Christmas guests, mounting their ponies and riding into the forest, disarmed, my father used to say, by a smile of welcome."

"And did you ever see them again?" questioned Eve Adam, her low voice very gentle.

"Never again. What they came for—where they were going, we never knew. And only a half hour later there sounded close to that well-barred door the clear, sweet note of a hermit thrush! Not until then did my valiant mother give way to tears."

Said Matthew Adam, gravely: "That was the neatest Christmas story I ever heard, Miss Columbine."

"And now," suggested his mother, going to the melodron, "let's end our evening by singing some of the good old carols."

Later that night when the guests had departed, and the Nelsons stood quiet in the moonlight, Nancy went to her tower and gazed for a moment at the snowy Peak. It had been a long, exciting day, and suddenly conscious of being tired, the girl opened the window and slipped gratefully into her big black walnut bed.

"The moon was very bright and she saw quite clearly Aurora's calendar and the military figure of General Grant, looking down upon her from the wall. She saw too, that her chiffon gown lay where she had tossed it carelessly, in close proximity with the patchwork quilt, and Nancy smiled to herself, there in the moonlight.

"Chiffon and calico!" she murmured drowsily. "I guess they aren't so far apart as I used to think!" Then her eyes lifted to the steel engraving and she laughed a little.

"Good-night, General Grant," she said politely. "I was pretty haulting to you at first, but I believe I'm getting to rather like you. Perhaps it's the uniform. They say that sooner or later a woman always falls for a uniform. I'm sorry you weren't downtown this evening, General. It—it was a wonderful debut!"

CHAPTER XV.

It was at Christmas dinner that Nancy divulged her plan for the Aladdin Library, a proposition which met with instant enthusiasm. John Adam readily agreed to supply the sign; and one day in January Mark brought it from the ranch.

"Dad's been so temperamental you'd think he was painting a picture for the Art Museum," he declared. "I guess he's been a little hard on you; but the man's neglected his cooking shamefully, and the sign's a corker."

"'Till it say is!" Nancy spoke almost with awe. "I never expected

anything so—so professional, and those Aladdin lamps at either end are stunning. Your father must have spent a lot of time on this sign, Mark. Can you put it up if we go over to the schoolhouse now?"

"I can't promise, but, and there's

a box of books at the schoolhouse

for you to bring for the school-

house now?"

"And some day," mused Nancy, as her stay in Pine Ridge was to be indefinite, "we'll put it in a fireplace. That's all we need to make it wonderful."

(To Be Continued)

New Method Of Rust-Proofing

Shows No Rust After 1,000 Hours
Or Salt Spraying

An entirely new method of rust-proofing, which for the first time in the history of electro-chemistry, utilizes alternating current in the process, has been perfected by the Ford Motor Co., and is now being used on its entire production of steel and tan lamps, at the Ford lamp plant at Flat Rock, Mich.—the famous "factory in a meadow."

The new process was adopted because it requires less floor space than other rust-proofing methods, provides a surface all ready for painting as the article comes from the rust-proofing machine, and withstands at least 300 hours of salt spray test without deterioration.

Tests at 1,000 hours under salt spray have shown no rust. Ford chemists say: "This is the equivalent of many years of ordinary use."

The process, which was first developed outside the Ford organization, did not work well when Ford made the first commercial installation. The treated articles developed in part an "alligator" surface which was not fit for painting. It was finally decided the trouble arose through the lame shells being too close when they went into the zinc chloride rust-proofing bath. So instead of the shells going through a washing machine first, they are now made "dry" by an operator who wipes over with an oily cloth the surface to be painted. The film of oil provides enough protection from the acid in the rust-proofing bath for the deposition of zinc to begin before the acids attack the metal.

The effect of the alternating electric current is to permit the articles to take up the zinc without interference from hydrogen bubbles which form on the surface of the article to be rust-proofed in the absence of the electricity. The process is not electro-plating, however. In electro-plating, the article to be plated is the cathode of the electrical circuit, whereas in this new process the article is alternately anode and anode, alternating 60 times a second.

Despite the trouble, the new method is rapidly catching on, and Nancy claims: "Oh, dear! we only went to a movie. I didn't dream that you'd be worried, Cousin Columbine."

"No more I should have," snapped the old lady. "If Aurora hadn't harped on the idea, Mark Adam you'd better call up your mother. No doubt she's wondering where you are."

"And me, worryin' myself sick for nothing!" grumbled Aurora. "A movie! Not even a fat tire; and us wonderin' if your necks was broken."

That day seemed long ago to Nancy when an afternoon in February she went down the unkempt street, turned at the hill-station and ascended the long hill on which stood the abandoned schoolhouse erected in 1902. Cousin Columbine had told her, to replace the one destroyed by fire. It was a small, frame building with no pretense at beauty; but the girl paused for a moment to admire John Adam's handiwork before she unlocked the door.

The air outside was warmer than within, and Nancy opened a window before proceeding with what Jack called "janitorial duties." The air-tight stove must be lighted, and the whole place dusted before the first arrival should appear. These tasks completed, Nancy sat down behind the kitchen table which served as librarian's desk, and looked about with satisfaction.

Perhaps the girl didn't wholly realize that this realization which was little more than she had ever experienced before the result of having achieved something—something really worthwhile. She had had help, of course; but the idea had been her own, and Nancy had put it through triumphantly.

"I couldn't have done it without the others," she told herself. "But at least, they wouldn't have done it without me. It had never occurred to them; and Cousin Columbine was doubtful that the plan would work."

Yet, being no wet-blanket, the old lady had done her bit by arranging for the use of the schoolhouse, and writing to the Okahoma family who came to Pine Ridge summers. This proved an inspiration, for they responded with a box of books and a beautiful Navajo rug in grey and scarlet which covered the centre of the floor, giving the place a homey look.

"'Till it say is!" Nancy spoke almost with awe. "I never expected

A WORLD OF FLAVOR



ENSURES BREATH SWEETNESS

Tracing Migration Stories

Shekels Help Archaeologist Working On Lonely Island In North

The life story of successive waves of civilization which crossed the island stepping stones between Asia and America is being traced on lonely St. Lawrence Island in the Bering sea.

The story—told in human skeletons, animal bones and broken utensils—is being preserved in paraffin. The work was described in a letter from the expedition headed by the noted Alaskan archaeologist, Dr. Otto Geist.

Aided by 30 or 40 Eskimo laborers from nearby Savoonga, the scientists are excavating skeletal remains and carefully brushing them with melted paraffin to preserve them for shipping to research laboratories.

Having removed much of the debris and remains of comparatively recent eras in the eight past annual expeditions, the party this summer uncovered a layer of ancient culture antedating the discovery of the island by Captain Commander Vitus Bering on St. Lawrence's Day, Aug. 21 (10th, old style) 1728.

The immigrants crossed over in seven successive waves, Dr. Geist believes, between Asia and America. Some earlier civilizations were of a higher culture than some of the later ones, he has determined.

Webster Air Trophy

Kingston Flyer Wins At Competition Held In Montreal

With a skillful display of airmanship, Pilot Gordon R. McGregor, president of the Kingston, Ont., Flying Club, captured the Webster memorial trophy and the title of Canada's foremost amateur aviator at Cartierville airport at Montreal.

Competition for the Webster trophy, awarded by the family of John C. Webster, of Sheddac, N.B., killed in a crash here several years ago, was held under the auspices of the Canadian Flying Clubs Association with the co-operation of the Montreal Light Aeroplane Club. McGregor eliminated 11 other airmen, including two westerners, to gain the award.

Wes Hodson, 18-year-old Regina newsboy, who was competing in a second-hand plane purchased from his savings as a newsboy, took second place, and failed to gain enough points to finish in the competition. "Well, I may have better luck next year," he said after hearing the results. Fred Lauby, of the Moose Jaw Flying Club, also competed.

Spud Of The Times

In 1820 it required 57 hours of human labor to grow an acre of wheat yielding twenty bushels, while to-day, we are told by T. A. Russell, of Toronto, it requires approximately eight hours. This is only keeping up with the speed of the times. We are travelling to-day more than seven times as fast as our grandparents did a hundred years ago.

The first university chair in the world devoted to the study of spiritualism is to be established shortly at Lund University in Stockholm, Sweden.

In the South Sea Islands, frigate birds are trained to carry messages like homing pigeons.

Little Helps For This Week

God is not unrighteous to forget your work and labor of love which ye have showed toward His name, in that ye have ministered to the saints, and do minister. Hebrews 6:10.

Wherever in the world I am, In whatsoever estate, I have a fellowship with hearts To keep and cultivate, And a work of lowly love to do For the Lord on whom I wait.

We do not always perceive that the commonest things, the writing of a note, the making of something intended as an offering of affection, our necessary intercourse with characters that have been dear to us, our own way to make the performance of a most blessed and sacred work, even the carrying out, after our feeble measure, the design of God for the increase of happiness.

Definite work is not always that which is cut and squared for us, but that which comes as a claim upon the conscience.

Tackles Big Job

Mayor Of New York Aims To Make City Neatless

New York City, with all its hustle, bustle and commotion, free of unnecessary noise, is the job tackled by Mayor F. H. LaGuardia. Shrieking autos, blaring radios, rumbling trucks and noisy garages—anything that makes a noise—is to be curbed. Even police patrol cars and fire engines must use their sirens unnecessarily. Heading the mayor's planned program is a month of "noiseless nights." He thinks everyone should be able to enjoy sleep, uninterrupted. That campaign will operate through October. Then, during November, will come a month of hoped-for "noiseless days." The mayor thinks that by the end of that month he'll have everybody enjoying 24 hours of quiet each day. The mayor has created the job of "NAC"—Noise Abatement Commissioner—and given the portfolio to Major Henry Curran. Major Curran now is in Europe studying noise abatement systems.

Rabbits Cause Floods

Dykes Burrowed Nearly Hollow, Reason For Their Collapse

Rabbits have been responsible for serious floods in the Swiss canton of Valais. Intense heat throughout Switzerland has melted an unprecedented quantity of snow, which has swollen the headwaters of the Rhone into flood tides.

This rare contingency is provided against by dykes built on the banks of the rivers. These, however, collapsed due to the fact that they had been burrowed nearly hollow by a vast colony of rabbits.

Grazes Billions Of Flowers

The number of flowers used in Grazes, France, in the manufacture of perfumes staggers the imagination. In a single year to billion jasmin blooms, about forty million pounds of roses and some fifty million pounds of orange blossoms are harvested for the great perfumeries. In addition, Grasse sends cut flowers by special trains to nearly every part of Europe.



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Council Meetings

The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Fire Hall on the first Monday of each month at the hour of 8 o'clock. By Order of the Village Council, T. Tredaway, Sec.-Treas.

Canadian Legion B.E.S.L. Crossfield Branch

Meets on the last Saturday of each month in the Masonic Hall at 8 p.m.

Visiting Comrades Welcome
F. MOSS, R. D. SUTHERLAND
President Secretary

HUTTON'S FOR MAGNETO GENERATOR, Starts, Reverses, Part or full magnetos. Distributors of American and Robert Bosch, Ettmann, Wico Magnets. Everything electric for car and tractor—Hutton's Electric 131 - 11th Avenue West, Calgary Phone M5895 - Res. M9026

Classified Advertisements

FOR SALE—Massey-Harris Binder, 8 ft. in first class condition, ready to go. \$30.00 cash. Apply to T. J. Borbridge, Phone 510

FOR SALE—Rhubarb, 1 and 1-2 cents per lb. Apply to Mrs. Blough

FOR SALE—8 ft. McCormick Binder in good condition. Apply to W. Tweedale, Crossfield

STRAYED — 1 Bay Gelding about 15 years old. Information leading to recovery will be appreciated. F. Tica, Crossfield

WANTED—Work with binder and four horses. Chas. Nielson 2 Miles North of Town

LOST—One riding bridle in vicinity of Crossfield. Phone R703 Kenneth McTavish

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Dr HARVEY D. DUNCAN,
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in addition to date of sale

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Notices of entertainments, lectures, etc., where an admission fee is charged, 10¢ per line.

Crossfield - Alberta.

Thursday, Aug 29th, 1935

Local News

Reported by Glen Williams and G. Y. McLean

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Stevens were Calgary visitors Monday

Hy Hoffman of Madden was a business visitor in town Tuesday.

H. A. Bannister was a Calgary visitor Monday.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. George Jones, August 26, a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ruddy were Calgary visitors Saturday.

Miss Florence Cruickshank and Ronnie McFadyen motored to Sylvan Lake Sunday.

Providing good weather prevails harvesting should be general in the district by the end of the week.

Mrs. E. Willis of Innisfail is visiting friends in Crossfield for a few days.

Nora Fleming and Vida McMullan are spending a few days at DeWinton, guests of Nora's aunt.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Fleming, Jack and George are holidaying at Gull Lake for the next two weeks.

The boys on the Wheat and Oak Board Walk, report binder twin business is simply rolling along.

Many of the younger set sat for the supplementary examinations at Calgary on Monday.

Implement agents report business in binders, tractors, and threshing machines are excellent.

Archie Dougan entertained a number of friends from Calgary and Crossfield at the Ranch on Saturday night.

Mary and Edith Griffiths returned today from Ponoka where they have been visiting their grandparents.

It has been found in several cases that the frost of two weeks ago has done more damage than was first anticipated.

Tom Mair was summoned to Vancouver unexpectedly owing to the death of his father, and left for the coast on Monday.

The monthly meeting of the Crossfield Branch of the Canadian Legion will be held as usual next Saturday at 8 p.m. at the Masonic Hall.

H. A. Bannister installed a radio and night speaker in the F. A. Hall election night so those desirous could hear the results as they came in.

The contract has been let to Bennett & White of Calgary for the re-graveling of the C. and E. highway from Calgary to Crossfield, and this much needed work will be commenced immediately.

Monday, Sept. 2 being Labour Day the post office will be closed all day except between 10 and 11 a.m. The lobby door will be open all day for the convenience of box holders.

It has been said that a change is good for everyone, even though it is only for a day, so believing the maxim to be correct, the editor and staff took a few days off duty to spend and enjoy a well earned rest at Sylvan Lake, returning to duty Wednesday.

David Gilson had the misfortune while playing with other children on Monday last to fall and break his arm.

Dr. Whillans took the little chap to Calgary for x-ray examination before setting the fracture.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Lim were Calgary visitors Sunday, the occasion being the Chinese National League picnic and entertainment.

The picnic was held at St. George's Island and the entertainment in the evening at the Elk's Hall.

A capacity crowd attended, many occidentals attending by special invitation.

The local exponents of the royal and ancient game Heavy Williams and C. H. McMillan visited the Bowess and Earl Gray Courses Sunday and enjoyed 32 holes of golf.

No records were broken but it is rumoured that both local golfers were in good fettle.

To The Electors of the Cochrane Constituency and particularly to those of the Crossfield District.

I wish to convey my heartfelt thanks for the wonderful support which you gave to the Social Credit Movement in this constituency, and for the confidence which you have shown in our leader Mr. Wm. Aberhart.

I realize the responsibility which has been placed upon those who have been called upon to represent the people of this Province, and I wish to assure you that "with the co-operation of the other members of the Legislature and with the assistance of the citizens of this constituency" I will serve you to the best of my ability.

Thanking you for your support and for the trust which you have given me.

I am, yours for a better Alberta.
Wm. R. KING
"Sunset Ranch"
General Delivery
Calgary, Alta.

ALONG BROADWAY

Everett Bill still claims the Giants will be the Oneil District for their gifts and other acts of kindness bestowed upon her on the anniversary of her 76th birthday.

Angler: "Did you fish with flies?"
Camper: "Fish with them! We fished with them, camped with them, ate with them and slept with them."

United Church Services

Sunday, September 1st.
Service at Rodney 11.00 a.m.
Crossfield - Sunday School 11.15 a.m.
Crossfield - Public Worship 7.30 p.m.

A hearty welcome to all
Rev. E. Longmire, Minister

Church of the Ascension

ANGLICAN
Sunday, September 1st.
7.30 p.m. Evensong A. D. Currie.

James Albert Briggs

Pioneer of the Beaver Dam district, and resident of Alberta for 46 years. James Albert Briggs died Wednesday evening at his home at Calgary.

Born in Port Elgin, Bruce County, Ontario, the late Mr. Briggs went to Minneapolis in 1880, and three years later moved west settling at Beaver Dam in 1888. He ranched in that area for 31 years, retiring 15 years ago and moved to Calgary.

Surviving are three brothers, John W., Calgary; H. L. Victoria, and George of Miami, Florida. He was predeceased by his wife seven years ago.

Funeral arrangements are in charge of the Armstrong Funeral Home.

Dog Pound News

Mrs. R. J. Williamson and son and Mrs. J. H. Robertson and their visitors, Mrs. John McGill, Wingham, Ont., and Mrs. E. G. Lowry and Miss Velma Lowry, of Exeter, Ont., spent several days at Baill and Lake Louise.

Mrs. J. M. McGill, Wingham, Ont., has returned home after visiting her brother, R. J. Williamson and other relatives.

Softballers Defeat Cartairs

Don's Sonoras and the Cartairs Regals clashed at the local diamond on Wednesday evening, the Crossfield girls being victors by 17 to 13.

The game was called at the end of the 5th on account of darkness.

Games these days have to start earlier, why not 6:30 instead of 7:30?

Headquarters For

School Supplies

A large and varied assortment of Accessories for School
Opening at Prices that are Right.

Exercise Books, assorted covers, 9 for 25¢

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EXERCISE BOOKS—Leatherette Covered—

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HARD BACK NOTE BOOKS 25¢ and 50¢

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Also Mathematical Sets, Paints, Rulers, Drawing Pads, Crayons, Penholders, Dictionaries, Etc., Etc.

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Municipal District of Rosebud

No. 280

The Council of the Municipal District of Rosebud No. 280 have purchased a New Emerson 3 cylinder Cleaner for the purpose of improving the quality of seed grain or commercial grain in the district. Those desirous of having their grain properly cleaned please communicate with A. Anderson, Crossfield. Grain will be cleaned at the following rates:

500 bushels or under 2 1-2¢ bush.

1000 bushels or under 2¢ per bush.

Over 1000 bushels 1 1/2¢ per bush.

Midget League

The players and members wish to thank their patrons and the general public for the support given the league this year, and to any others who helped in any way.

Hot Dogs
Kosy Kups
Knot Holes.

Card of Thanks

Mrs. Annie Smith wishes to thank her many friends and neighbors of the Oneil District for their gifts and other acts of kindness bestowed upon her on the anniversary of her 76th birthday.

Angler: "Did you fish with flies?"
Camper: "Fish with them! We fished with them, camped with them, ate with them and slept with them."

United Church Services

Sunday, September 1st.
Service at Rodney 11.00 a.m.
Crossfield - Sunday School 11.15 a.m.
Crossfield - Public Worship 7.30 p.m.

A hearty welcome to all
Rev. E. Longmire, Minister

Church of the Ascension

ANGLICAN

Sunday, September 1st.

7.30 p.m. Evensong A. D. Currie.

I'D RATHER FACE A THOUSAND SPIKES THAN ANOTHER Blow-out

SAY MICKEY COCHRANE
MOR. DETROIT
TIGERS

Get Real Blow-Out Protection at no Extra Cost

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BRANCHES: CALGARY - EDMONTON - LETHBRIDGE 3

Reduction in Grain Storage Rate in Alberta Pool Elevators

Announcement is made that a storage rate of 1-45 of a cent a bushel per day will apply on grain stored in all Alberta Pool Elevators, effective from August 31, 1935 for the ensuing license year. The present rate, which has prevailed for many years, is 1-30 of a cent a bushel a day.

THE ALBERTA POOL ELEVATORS IS making this voluntary reduction as a temporary measure in reducing cost to grain growers during the present recognized emergency in the marketing of grain.

The proposed reduction will affect 435 Pool elevators in this province, as well as 4 terminals operated by the Alberta Pool on the Pacific Coast.

ALBERTA POOL ELEVATORS

Midland & Pacific Grain Corporation

LIMITED
CALGARY - WINNIPEG - EDMONTON - VANCOUVER

Country Elevators at Principal Points in Alberta

Terminal Elevator at North Vancouver, B.C.

Capacity 1,600,000 Bushels

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